# **M.Sc., Applied Geology and Geomatics** Syllabus w.e.f. 2018 Onwards



**Centre for Applied Geology** 

Gandhigram Rural Institute (Deemed to be University)

			Hou	rs				
Course Code	Paper Title	C LI		Р	E	CFA	ESE	Total
18GEOP0101	Physical Geology and Geomorphology	3	3	-	3	40	60	100
18GEOP0102	Structural Geology, Geotectonics and Palaeontology	4	4	-	3	40	60	100
18GEOP0103	Stratigraphy and Indian Geology	4	4	-	3	40	60	100
18GEOP0104	Crystallography, Mineralogy and Gemmology	4	4	-	3	40	60	100
18GEOP0105	Remote Sensing and GPS	3	3	-	3	40	60	100
18GEOP0106	Crystallography and Mineralogy - Practical I		-	4	3	60	40	100
18GEOP0107	Structural Geology, Paleontology and Remote sensing - Practical II		-	4	3	60	40	100
18GTPP0001	Gandhi in Everyday Life	2	2	-	-	50	-	50
	Semester Total Credits	24						

#### SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS FIRST SEMESTER

#### SECOND SEMESTER

			Hours					
Course Code	Paper Title	C	C H		Е	CFA	ESE	Total
18GEOP0208	Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology	4	3	-	3	40	60	100
18GEOP0209	Economic Geology, Mineral Economics and Mining Geology	3	3	-	3	40	60	100
18GEOP0210	Environmental Geology and Natural Disaster Management	3	3	-	3	40	60	100
18GEOP0211	Digital Image Processing and Geocomputing	4	4		3	40	60	100
	Non-Major Elective	4	4	-	3	40	60	100
18GEOP0212	Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology and Economic Geology -Practical III	2	-	4	4	60	40	100
18GEOP0213	Digital Image Processing - Practical IV	2	-	4	4	60	40	100
18ENGP00C1	Communication and Soft Skills	2	2	-	-	50	-	50
Semester Total Credits		24						

			Hours				ESE	
CourseCode	Paper Title	C	5 P E		CFA	Total		
18GEOP0314	Sedimentary Petrology and Marine Geology	3	3	-	3	40	60	100
18GEOP0315	Hydrogeology and Engineering Geology	4	4	-	3	40	60	100
18GEOP0316	Geophysics and Geochemistry	3	3	-	3	40	60	100
18GEOP03EX	Major Elective	4	4	-	3	40	60	100
18GEOP0317	Geophysics, Geochemistry Hydrogeology and Sedimentology - Practical - V	2	-	4	4	60	40	100
18GEOP0318	Geographic Information System, and GPS – Practical VI	2	-	4	4	60	40	100
18GEOP03MX	Modular Course	2	2	-	-	50	-	50
18EXNP03V1	Village Placement Programme	2	-	-	-	40	60	100
18GEOP03F1	Geological Field Study	2	-	-	-	50	-	50
Semester Total Credits							-	

## FOURTH SEMESTER

			H	Hours		¥	[+]	I
Course Code	Course Title	С	C LI		Е	CF/	ESE	Total
18GEOP0419	Petroleum Geology, Coal Geology and Geothermal Resources	4	4	-	3	40	60	100
18GEOP02MX	Modular Course	2	2	-	-	50	-	50
18GEOP04F1	Geological Field Study II	2	-	-	-	50	-	50
18GEOP0420	Dissertation	8				75	75*+50**	
	Total	16						

\*Evaluation by External Examiner \*\*Evaluation by External and Internal Examiner

Major Electives
18GEOP03E1 - Experimental Petrology
18GEOP03E2 -Advanced Ore Geology
18GEOP03E3-Geographic Information System and Geocomputing

Modular Courses		
18GEOP03M1 – Medical Geology		
18GEOP03M2 – Micropaleontology	15GGMP02MX	
18GEOP04M1 - Geostatistics		
18GEOP04M2 - Advanced Hydrogeology	15GGMP03MX	

Courses Offered from Centre for Applied Geology									
Course Code	urse Code Paper Title L/T P E CFA								
18GEOP02N1	Introduction to Geoscience	4		3	40	60	4		
18GEOP02N2	Medical Geology	4		3	40	60	4		
18GEOP02N3	Environmental Geosciences	4		3	40	60	4		
18GEOP02N4	Disaster Management	4		3	40	60	4		

## **Abstract - Credits**

Course	Sem. – I Credits		Sem. – II Credits						Sem. – IV Credits
	Т	Р	T	Р	Т	Р	T+D		
Core Papers	18	4	12	12 4 16		4	4 + 8		
Non-Major Elective				4					
Major Elective					4				
Modular Course					2	2	2		
Extension / Field					2		2		
Study									
Total	2	24		24	2	4	16		

### **Course Syllabus**

Course Code & Title	18GEOP0101 Physical Geology and Geomorphology								
Class	M. Sc Geology and Geomatics Semester 1st Semester								
Cognitive Level	K-1								
	K-2								
	K-3								
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>The Course aims</li> <li>To Learn about the Origin of the Earth, Interior structure of Earth, atmosphere, Hydrosphere, Lithosphere, and various geological processes acting on Earth</li> <li>To Understand the natural processes which act on the earth's surface and the landforms.</li> <li>To Build knowledge about the landforms formed due to tectonic activity.</li> <li>To Demonstrate about the Coastal geomorphic features and its associated landforms</li> <li>To Illustrate about the volcanic landforms.</li> </ul>								

Unit	Content	No. of Hours
	Solar System; Origin of the Earth; Nebular Hypothesis, Planetismeal	
	Hypothesis, Gaseous Tidal Hypothesis. Binary star Hypothesis. Age of the	9 Lectures
	Earth; Direct and Indirect Methods. Interior of the Earth. Atmosphere,	
Ι	Hydrosphere, Lithosphere and their Constituents. Geological Process;	
	Endogenic Process and Exogenic Process. <i>Earthquakes</i> : Seismic waves,	
	Origin, Classification and Causes of Earthquake, Earthquake Intensity Scale;	
	Volcanoes: Structure, Classification and Products of Volcanoes. Isostasy,	
	Continental Drift, Paleomagnetism, <u>Plate Tectonics</u> , Convection current	
	hypothesis, Sea Floor spreading.	
	Fundamental Concepts of Geomorphology; Geomorphic Processes;	9 Lectures
	Exogenetic and Endogenic processes. <u>Weathering</u> ; Physical weatheiring,	
II	Chemical Weathering, Biological Weathering. Soil Processes; Soil Profile,	
	Climate and Soil Formation, Soil Types. Mass Wasting; Soil Creep and	
	Solifluction, Earth and Mud Flows and Slides. Karst Topography.	
	Tectonic Geomorphology; Topography on Dome and Folded Structures,	9 Lectures
III	Topography upon Faulted Structures. <i>Fluvial Geomorphology</i> ; Stream	
	Erosion, Stream Transportation and Deposition, Features of Stream Erosion,	
	Depositional Landforms, Drainage Systems, Types of Streams and Stages of	
	Valley Development.	

	Coasta	al Geomorphology: Shorelines; Classification of Coast and shoreline;	9 Lectures
	Johnso	on's Classification of shorelines, Shepard's Classification of coast,	
		Classification. Shoreline Erosional Features, Transportation by Sea,	
IV		ition by Sea. Features of Ocean basin floor (Mid Ocean Ridge, Deep	
		Trenches, Abyssal Plains, Sea Mounts). Coral Reefs. Aeolian	
		orphology; Wind Erosion, Erosional Features, Wind Transport, Wind	
		its. Types of Sand Dunes. Loess.	
	<u>^</u>	nic Geomorphology: Types of Eruption, Features of Lava fields,	9 Lectures
V		es Associated with Volcanoes; Ash Showers, Volcanic Mudflows or	
	Lahars	, Plug Domes. Depression Forms; Craters, Calderas, Volcanic	
	Tecton		
	Geom	orphology: Types of Glaciers, Movement of Glaciers, Glacial Erosion,	
	Transp	ort by Glaciers, Glacial Deposits. Geomorphology of India;	
	· ·	ular, Extra Peninsular, Indo Gangatic Plain.	
	Text B	Books:	
	1.	Alka Gautam (2009), Geomorphology, First Edition: Sharada Pustak Bh	awan
	2.	Allen Cox (1973), Plate Tectonics, Freeman and Company.	
	3.	Radhakrishnan. V (1987), Physical Geology, VV.P. Publishers.	
	4.	Savindra Singh, (2012) Geomorphology, Fifth Edition: Pyayag Pustak E	Bhawan.
	5.	Thornbury, W.D., (2002) Principles of Geomorphology, John Wiley	and Sons, 2nd
		Edition, New York.	
	Refere	ence Books:	
References	1.	Bloom, A. (2005) Geomorphology. Pearson. New Delhi.	
	2.	Gupta, R.P (2003) Remote Sensing Geology, Springer - Verlag - New Y	ork, London.
	3.	Hamilton, E. I. (1965) Applied Geomorphology. Academic Press.	
	4.	Holmes, A. (1965) Principles of Physical Geology. Ronald.	
	5.	Jha, V.C., (2001) Geomorphology and Remote Sensing, ACB Publication	ons.
	6.	Sharma, H. S. (1990) Indian Geomorphology. Concept Publishing Co., I	New Delhi.
	Web r	esources:	
	1.	<u>Underlined Titles are available at Swayam portal</u>	
	2.	https://www.nap.edu/read/12700/chapter/3#17	
		https://www.usu.edu/geo/liddell/oceans/oc-ppts/ocpptxt_10.pdf	
	On cor	npletion of Course, the students should be able to	
Course	1.	Explain the Origin, Age and Interior of the Earth, Earthquake and Volca	anoes, Isostasy,
Outcomes		Continental Drift and Plate Tectonics.	
	2.	Describe the Fundamental concepts of Geomorphology, Weathering,	Soil processes
		and Karst Topography.	
	3.		the geological
		work done by a river and the various drainage systems.	
	4.	1 0	e earth and the
		geological work done by wind.	
	5.	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	e earth and its
		resultant surface morphology.	

				Physic	cal Geo	logy ar	nd Geor	morphol	ogy			
CO/PO	РО							PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	1	1	2	2	1	2	3	2	2	2	1
CO2	3	1	1	2	2	1	2	3	2	3	2	1
CO3	3	1	1	2	2	1	2	3	3	3	2	1
CO4	3	1	1	2	2	1	2	3	3	3	2	1
CO5	3	1	1	2	2	1	1	3	2	2	2	1

Course Code & Title	18GEOP0102 Structural Geology, Geoteo	ctonics and Paleo	ontology				
Class	M.Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	1st Semester				
Cognitive Level	K-1						
	K-2						
	К-3						
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>The Course aims</li> <li>To introduce students about the basic principles, methods and characteristics of Structural geology, concepts of Stress and strain, deformation, types of folds.</li> <li>To gain knowledge about the origin, mechanism and characteristics of various types of faults and joints</li> <li>To describe in detail about the geotectonic and tectonic framework of India.</li> <li>To know the past life and history the study of the Earth through remains of animals and plants entombed within the rocks</li> </ul>						

Unit	Content	No. of Hours
	Structural Geology: Objectives of Structural Geology - Deformation	
	<u>Mechanisms</u> : Mechanical Properties of rocks - Concepts and types of Stress	12 Lectures
	and Strain. Strain Rate, Elastic, Ductile and Brittle Deformation - Mohr's	
Ι	circle - types of stress ellipsoid and their geological significance - strain	
	analyses of naturally deformed rocks - Stereographic Projections and	
	Stereogram - Cleavage and Schistosity: Introduction, Slaty cleave or schistosity, Fracture cleavage, Shear cleavage, Slip cleavage, Bedding	
	cleavage, Axial plane cleavage. <i>Foliation</i> : Primary and secondary foliation.	
	<i>Lineation</i> : Definition and kinds of lineation: Slickenside, Boudinage, Quartz	
	rods, Mullion structure. <i>Folds: Mechanism of Folding</i> : Introduction - Types	
	of folding- Causes of folding: Tectonic process - Non-tectonic process.	
	Depressions and Culminations - Domes and Saddles - Profile of a Fold -	
	Recognition of Folds in the field and map.	
	Fault: <u>Mechanism of faults</u> : Introduction - Description and classification of	12 Lectures
	faulting - Criteria for faulting. Normal faults - representation of normal	
Π	faults on the block diagram's - reverse faults and thrust faults - Stratigraphic	
	differences between normal and reverse faults - Nappe, klippe and tectonic	
	window - flat and steeps of the reverse faults - autochthonous and	
	allochthonous units - imbricate and dublex structures - horst and graben -	
	Strike-slip faults and minor structures associated with such faults -	

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	cataclastics and mylonites - Anderson's theory of faulting - Recognition of	
	Faults in the field and map - Joints: Geometry - Field studies - Principles of	
	Failure by rupture - Relation of rupture to stress and strain - Genetic	
	classification of joints - Recognition of Joints in the field and map.	
	<u>Unconformity</u> : Introduction - Kinds of Unconformities - Recognition of	12 Lectures
III	Unconformities - Distinguishing Faults from Unconformities - Radiogenic	12 Lectures
111	dating - Tectonism and sedimentation. Diapirs and Salt Domes - Recognition	
	of Unconformity in the field and map. Lineament: Mapping and Analysis -	
	Basin Tectonics - Microstructures and Structures of Sedimentation and	
	Intrusion- Structural analyses - <b>Principle and elements of Structural</b>	
	Analyses - Geometrical Analyses of simple and complex structure on	
	mesoscopic and macroscopic scale. Geotectonics: Tectonic features of the	
	Earth - Continental drift – Sea floor spreading - Plate Tectonics –Elements of	
	Tectonism - Characteristics of Plates - World Plates - Plate Boundaries -	
	Assumptions and Problems - causes and mechanism - Convection - Plate	
	<b>Tectonics and Mineral Deposits</b> - Geosynclines – Types – Classification and	
	Origin - Concept of Isostasy - Orogeny & Epiorogeny – Seismic Belts of the	
	Earth – Seismicity and Plate Movements - <b>Tectonic Frame Work of India</b>	
	Paleontology: Brief out line of Geological time scale and Life through Ages -	12 Lectures
	Fossils and Their Modes of Preservation - Origin and Evolution of life –	12 Lectures
	Recent Theories - Species concepts – Phylogeny- Antogeny – Palingenesis -	
IV	Invertebrate <b>Paleontology:</b> Morphology, Evolutionary Trends, Stratigraphic	
1,	importance and application of: <u><i>Trilobites - Graptolites – Corals –</i></u>	
	Brachiopods - Cephalopods.	
	Vertebrate Paleontology: Classification of Vertebrates – Study of evolution	12 Lectures
V	of Horse - Elephant and Man - Extinction of Dinosaurs. Palaeobotany:	
	Methods of preservation of fossil plants - Objective and limitation of fossil	
	Plants – Classification. Micropaleontology: Definition and Applications of	
	Micropaleontology - Field and laboratory techniques of micropaleontology -	
	Types of Microfossils - Foraminifers and Ostracods – General Morphological	
	Characters - Classification.	
	Text Books:	
	1. Billings, M. P., Structural Geology, III edition, Prentice-Hall, Inc., New	Jersey, USA,
	2008.	
	2. Condie, K.C., Plate Tectonics & Crustal Evolution, 4th Edition, Butterw	orth-
	Heinemann, Boston, 2003.	
	3. Henry Woods, (2005) Paleontology Invertebrate, The University Press.	
	Reference Books:	
	1. David M. Raupsteven, M., Stanley, Principles of Paleontology, New Del	
References	2. Davis, G.H., And S.J., Renolds, Structural Geology of Rocks and Reg	gions, 2nd Ed.,
	Wiley, Newyork, 1996.	
	3. Gokhale N W, Theory of Structural Geology, CBS Publications, 2009.	. 10 1
	4. Hobbs, B. E., Means, W. D., & Williams, P. E., An Outline of Struc	aurai Geology,
	John Wiley & Sons, Inc, Australia, 1976.	al Distribute
	5. Jain, P.C and Anantharaman, M.S., Paleontology: Evolution and Anim.	al Distribution,
	6th Edition, Vishal Publishing Co, New Delhi, 2005.	Indian Edition
	6. Moore, R.C, Lalicker, C.G & Fisher, A.G., Invertebrate Fossils, 1st CRS Publichers & Distributors, Naw Dalbi, 1007	mutan Eultion,
	<ul><li>CBS Publishers &amp; Distributors, New Delhi, 1997.</li><li>7. Park, R.G, Foundation of Structural Geology, Blackie And Sons Ltd.,</li></ul>	Glasgow Now
	7. Tark, K.O. Foundation of Structural Ocology, Diackie And Solis Lid.,	Jiasguw, INEW

	Zealand, Second Edition, 1989.
	<ol> <li>Raup And Stanely, Principles of Paleontology, CBS, 2004.</li> </ol>
	9. Shrock & Twenhofel, Principles of Invertebrate Paleontology, CBS Publishers &
	Distributors, New Delhi, 2005.
	Web resources:
	1. <u>Underlined Titles are available at Swayam portal</u>
	2. http://geologylearn.blogspot.com/2015/08/deformation-mechanisms-and.html
	3. http://www.yourarticlelibrary.com/geology/rocks/rock-cleavage-meaning-types-and- importance-geology/91506
	4. https://flexiblelearning.auckland.ac.nz/rocks_minerals/rocks/schist.html
	5. https://www.britannica.com/science/foliation-geology
	6. http://geologylearn.blogspot.com/2015/08/folding-mechanisms-and-processes.html
	7. http://eqseis.geosc.psu.edu/~cammon/HTML/Classes/IntroQuakes/Notes/faults.html
	8. http://www.indiana.edu/~geol105b/images/gaia_chapter_6/unconformities.html
	9. http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/epgpdata/uploads/epgp_content/S000448GO/P000596/M01
	8266/ET/1482317287MAINTEXT.pdf
	10. https://sciencing.com/types-fossil-preservation-5413212.html
	11. http://osp.mans.edu.eg/abuzied/Micropaleontology.html.
	On completion of Course, the students should be able to
Course	1. Predict the various forces acting in the earth's and its resultant structural changes. The
Outcomes	Geometry, Types and Mechanism of Folding
	2. Explain the resultant movement of rocks, and the resultant Geometry, types and
	mechanism of Faulting, other minor structures and Joints.
	3. Assess the theory of plate tectonics and describe how the outer part of the earth is
	broken into large fragments (plates) that are constantly in motion relative to each other.
	4. Plan ways to systematic study of ancient forms of the life (fossils) and to Evolutionary
	Principles, and Paleontological Techniques.
	5. Outline of vertebrate paleontology and micropaleontology.

CO/PO				PO						PSC	)	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	1	1	2	1	0	1	3	2	2	1	0
CO2	3	1	1	2	2	1	2	3	2	2	2	1
CO3	3	1	2	2	2	1	2	3	1	2	2	1
CO4	3	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	2	2	2	1
CO5	3	1	1	2	2	1	1	3	1	2	2	1

Course Code & Title	18GEOP0103 Stratigraphy and Indian geology							
Class	M.Sc Geology and Geomatics Semester 1st Semester							
Cognitive Level	K-1							
	K-2							
	K-3							
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>The Course aims</li> <li>To Introduce the students about the basic principles of stratigraphy, its classification, Geologic timescale and various types of correlation.</li> <li>To Learn about the origin and significance Indian Stratigraphy</li> <li>To Gain knowledge about the Cambrian system, Gondwana System, and Cretaceous System.</li> <li>To Understand about the Siwalik System and Deccan traps</li> <li>To Describe in detail about the boundary and age problem.</li> </ul>							

Unit	Content	No. of Hours					
	Stratigraphy: Principles and Classification of Stratigraphy- Litho-, Bio-,						
	chrono-, Magneto stratigraphy and their Applications- Elements of -	12 Lectures					
Ŧ	Cyclostratigraphy, Allo-, Pedo-, Chemo- and Seismic Stratigraphy. Basic						
I	ideas of Sequence stratigraphy and Quaternary Stratigraphy. Bouma sequence						
	- Geological Time Scale and Indian Time Scale, Paleogeography and life of						
	each period. Correlation: Physical and paleontological correlation method -						
	Homotaxic, Contemporaneity and Syntaxis, Lateral variation and facies- code						
	of stratigraphic nomenclature. Stratotypes and its requirements.						
	Indian Stratigraphy: Stratigraphic Distribution, Geological Succession,	12 Lectures					
	Structure, Tectonics and Economic Importance of the following; -						
II	Archaean system - Cuddapah system - Kurnool system - Vindhyan system -						
	Aravalli system of India, Dharwar system- Sargur Supergroup, Sakoli Group						
	– Sausar Group – Iron ore Group of Bihar and Orissa – Bundelkhand Group –						
	Banded Gneiss complex, The Paleozoic Group.						
	Distribution - Classification - Structure - Correlation - Sedimentation -	12 Lectures					
III	Fossils - Paleogeography and Economic importance of Cambrian to Lower						
	Carboniferous systems- Gondwana Group, Triassic of Spiti, Jurassic of Kutch,						
	Cretaceous of Trichinopoly and the marine Cretaceous system						
	Distribution: Structure, Lithology, Climate, Fossils and Origin of -	12 Lectures					
	Siwalik system, Pleistocene-Holocene system, Quaternary glaciations, Rise of						

	Himsleye Econe Olicocon and Lower Missens systems Decom Tange					
IV/	Himalayas - Eocene, Oligocene and Lower Miocene systems. <u>Deccan Traps</u> :					
IV	Distribution - Classification - Structure - Geological Succession - Inter-					
	Trappean and Infra-Trappean beds- Bagh Beds, - Origin- Economic					
	importance - Lameta beds - Age and Economic importance.					
	Boundary and Age Problems- K-T boundary problem, Precambrian –	13 Lectures				
V	Cambrian boundary problem, Permian - Triassic boundary problem, Age of					
	Saline Series, Age of Deccan traps, World stratigraphy: Brief description of					
	the principle, stratigraphic units of the world in type area.					
	Text Books:					
	1. Krishnan, M.S. (2009), Geology of India and Burma, 6th Edition, CBS F	Publishers and				
	distributors.					
	2. Parbin SINGH. (1978), Engineering & general geology, fourth edition					
	3. Wadia, (1893) Geology of India, McGraw Hill Book Co.					
	Reference Books:					
	1. Boggs,S (1987). Principles of Sedimentology and Stratigraphy, Merill P	ublishing Co.				
	New York.	1 6				
References						
	India, New Age International (p) Ltd.					
	3. Weller. A.K. (1988) Principles of Stratigraphy. Asia Publishing House. 1					
	4. Gignoux, M (1960) Stratigraphical Geology, Mc Graw hill publications.					
	Web resources:					
	<ol> <li>Underlined Titles are available at Swayam portal</li> <li>http://www.uh.edu/~geos6g/1330/strat.html</li> </ol>					
	2. http://www.geographynotes.com/rocks/the-gondwana-group-of-rocks-in	dia				
	geology/5783	uiu-				
	3. https://www.gktoday.in/academy/article/indias-rock-formation-archean-	dharwar-				
	cudappah-vindhyan-gondwana-and-tertiary-rocks/					
	4. https://www.gns.cri.nz/Home/Learning/Science-Topics/NZ-Geology/Med	asuring-				
	Geological-Time					
	5. http://www.stratigraphy.org/upload/bak/strats.htm					
	6. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Quaternary_glaciation	1 10				
	7. http://northpacificresearch.com/downloads/Problems_at_the_KT_Bound	aary.pdf				
Correct	On completion of Course, the students should be able to	aniaal Time				
Course	1. Evaluate the principles of advanced Stratigraphy, and details of Geole	ogical Time				
Outcomes	scale. 2 Identify Indian stratigraphic systems of Archaan Dharwar, Cuddana	h Kurnaal				
	2. Identify Indian stratigraphic systems of Archean, Dharwar, Cuddapa Vindhyan and Aravalli systems, The Paleozoic Group, The Tertiary Group					
	3. Describe the detailed insight into the Geological Time events of Gondwa					
	Jurassic and Cretaceous.	ina, 111a5510,				
	4. Assess the detailed significance of the Siwalik, Pleistocene, Holocene,	Himalayas				
	and Eocene systems.					
	5. Analyze the age and boundary problems of various ages.					
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#### 18GEOP0103 Stratigraphy and Indian geology CO/PO PSO PO CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4 CO5

Course Code & Title	18GEOP0104 CRYSTALLOGRAPHY,	MINERALOG	Y AND GEMMOLOGY					
Class	M.Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	1st Semester					
Cognitive Level	K-1							
	K-2							
	K-3							
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>The Course aims</li> <li>To Understand Crystal Symmetry and Atomic structure</li> <li>To Learn about the optical properties of the minerals and its characteristics features.</li> <li>to Describe in detail about the various mineral groups and its properties.</li> <li>To Know about the rock forming silicates</li> </ul>							

Unit	Content	No. of Hours				
	Crystallography; Description of Six Major Crystal Systems, Unit Cells and					
	Lattice; Parameters and Crystallographic Axes. Points in Unit Cell, Plains in	12 Lectures				
_	Crystals. Crystal Forms and Miller Index. Derivation of 32 Class; Concept of					
Ι	Space lattice – Derivation of 14 Bravais lattices Concept of Space Group –					
	Symmorphic and Asymmorphic Space Groups- Mineralogical investigations					
	methods -X- ray diffraction- Electron Probe Micro Analysis (EPMA),					
	Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM), and Raman Spectroscopy.					
	<b>Optical Mineralogy – Mineral Preparation for Microscopic study;</b> Types	12 Lectures				
	of Preparation, Materials for Thin Section, The Mineral Slice and Cutting.					
II	Polarizing Microscope; General Features, Parts of Microscope, Phase					
	Microscopy and its Examination. Adjustment of Polarizing Microscope. Plane					
	polarized and cross polarized light; Isotropic and Anisotropic minerals;					
	Behavior of minerals in cross polarized light- Birefringence - Uniaxial					
	minerals - Uniaxial and Biaxial Indicatrices; Optical accessories like mica,					
	gypsum and quartz plates - Determination of Optic sign: uniaxial and					
	biaxial minerals- Absorption of light by minerals – Scheme of pleochroism					
	Advanced Mineralogy- Crystal chemistry- bonding- structures of silicates-	12 Lectures				
III	Isomorphism, Polymorphism and Pseudomorphism - Atomic Substitution and					
	Solid solution in Minerals - Non-Crystalline minerals – Luminescence of					
	Minerals- <b>Descriptive Mineralogy</b> ; Mineral Groups: Chemical, Physical, Optical Properties of minerals.					

		10.1						
	Alteration products, paragenesis and modes of occurrences of the following	12 Lectures						
	rock forming silicates. <u>Neso silicates</u> : Olivine group, Garnet group-							
	Sorosilicate: Epidote group – Beryl. <u>Ring Silicates</u> : Tourmaline –Benitoite-							
IV	Chain Silicates: Pyroxene group- Amphibole group and Wollastonite- Sheet							
	Silicates: Mica group- Chlorite group- Tectosilicates: Quartz -Feldspar group-							
	Feldspathoid group- Zeolite and Scapolite groups.							
	Gemmology: Physical characteristics (including electrical, thermal and	13 Lectures						
V	magnetic characters) and chemical composition of gemstones. Optical							
	properties of Gemstones- Classification of Gemstones - Application of UV,							
	X - rays and Infra-Red Rays in Gem Identification. Synthetic gems -							
	characteristics- Uses of gem stones.							
	Text Books:							
	1. Dana, (1991) Textbook of Mineralogy, Fourth Edition, William E. Ford F	Edward						
	Salisbury							
	2. Berry Mason, L.G, (1985), Elements of Mineralogy, Reprint, W.H. Freen	nan &Co.						
	<ol> <li>Berry Mason, E.O. (1985), Elements of Wineralogy, Reprint, W.H. Preeman &amp; Co.</li> <li>Paul F. Kerr (1959), Optical Mineralogy- Third Edition. McGraw-hill book company.</li> </ol>							
	4. Peter G. Read, (2005) Gemmology, Butterworth-Heineman							
	Reference Books:							
	1. Deer, W. A., Howie, R.A & Zussman (2013), An Introduction to Rock form							
References								
<b>K</b> erer ences	<ol> <li>Ernest E. Walhstrom, (1979) Optical Crystallography, John Wiley &amp; Sons.</li> </ol>							
	3. Perkins, (2010) Dexter Mineralogy, 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall.	5.						
	4. RavellPhillips, W.M. & Dana. T. Griffen, (2004), Optical Mineralogy-Th	e Non-Onaque						
	Minerals, CBS publishers & Distributors.	e Non-Opaque						
	5. Mike Howard & Darcy Howard, (1998) Introduction to Crystallography a	nd Mineral						
	Crystal Systems, Rock hounding Arkansas.							
	Web resources:							
	1. <u>Underlined Titles are available in Swayam portal</u>							
	2. http://www.tulane.edu/~sanelson/eens211/#Lecture%20Notes							
	3. http://jaeger.earthsci.unimelb.edu.au/msandifo/Teaching/Mineralogy2/m	ineralow ndf						
	4. http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=448	потиюду.риј						
	5. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/221923612_An_Introduction_t	o Mineralow						
	6. http://www.minsocam.org/msa/openaccess_publications/McNamee_Gunt	0,						
	al.pdf	er_Luo_munu						
	On completion of Course, the students should be able to							
Course	1. Discuss about the Description of Six Major Crystal Systems, Unit Cel	le and Lattice						
	Derivation of 32 Class, Concept of Space Group, Mineralogical investigation							
Outcomes								
	2. Demonstrate the Optical Mineralogy, Mineral Preparation for Microscopi	e study						
	3. Explain the Advanced Mineralogy, Descriptive Mineralogy	Silicotos Shact						
	4. Describe about the Neso silicates, Sorosilicate's, Ring Silicates, Chain Silicates, Testasilientes	sincates, Sneet						
	Silicates, Tectosilicates							
	5. Discuss about the Gemmology and Application of UV							

		CRY	STALL	OGRAPI	HY, M	INER	ALOG	Y AND	GEMM	IOLOG	Y	
CO/PO				РО		PSO						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	1	1	2	2	1	2	3	1	1	2	2
CO2	3	2	1	2	2	1	2	3	1	1	2	1
CO3	3	1	1	2	2	1	2	3	1	1	2	2
CO4	3	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	2	1
CO5	3	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	2	2

Course Code & Title	18GEOP0105 REMOTE SENSING AND GPS		
Class	M.Sc Geology and Geomatics Sem	lester	1st Semester
Cognitive Level	K-1		
	K-2		
	К-3		
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>Remote sensing</li> <li>To Introduce about the sat</li> <li>To Explain about the photodata</li> </ul>	Electromagellites and to interpret	gnetic Spectrum is related to the field of sensors and their characteristic features. ration keys and elements in remote sensing
	To Illustrate about the prin	nciples and	components of GPS

Unit	Content	No. of Hours
	Remote Sensing – An Introduction: History and Development of Remote	
	Sensing, Fundamental Principles of Remote Sensing- Stages in Remote	9 Lectures
_	Sensing Process. Types of Remote Sensing- Advantages of Remote sensing,	
Ι	Aerial Photographs, Basics, Stereo models, Photo Mosaics and Photo scale.	
	The Electromagnetic Spectrum- Wave Model, Particle Theory,	9 Lectures
	Electromagnetic Spectrum, Radiation Law and Related terms, Black Body	
II	Radiation, Electro Magnetic Radiation (EMR): EMR Spectrum - EMR	
	Interaction with Atmosphere: Absorption, Scattering & Atmospheric	
	windows.	
	Satellites and Sensors- Platforms- Satellite Orbits: Geostationary, Sun	9 Lectures
III	synchronous Satellites- Resolution: Spatial Resolution, Spectral Resolution,	
	Radiometric Resolution, Temporal Resolution, Multispectral Resolution.	
	Scanning Mechanisms: Across Track Scanning, Along Track Scanning,	
	Satellites in Orbits- Landsat Series, SPOT Series, Indian Remote Sensing	
	Satellites, Quick bird Satellite, World View, Geo Eye, ASTER, MODIS,	
	NOAA	
	Photo Interpretation Keys & Elements: Definition, parts, Key sets, Types of	9 Lectures
	Study, Photo Interpretation Elements - Tone, Texture, Shadow, Size, Shape,	
	Pattern and Association. Geotechnical / Geomorphic Elements - Landforms,	
IV	Drainage, Erosional Pattern, Vegetative Cover, Landuse, Shape & size of	
	objects, Thermal Remote Sensing: Basic concepts and Data Interpretation.	

	Microwave Remote Sensing: Basic concepts and Data Interpretation.	
	Hyperspectral Remote Sensing: <u>Basic concepts and Data Interpretation</u> .	
	GPS Basics: Introduction – Satellite, Control and User Segments – Signal	9 Lectures
V	Components, Errors in GPS observations, PS positioning, Differential GPS.	
	GPS Mapping: Conventional Static, Kinematic GPS Semi kinematic (Stop &	
	Go) – Rapid static Mobile mapping.	
	Text Books:	
	1. <u>Underlined Titles are available in Swayam portal</u>	
	<ol> <li>Anji Reddy, M. (2012) Textbook of Remote Sensing &amp; GIS, BS Publicat Hyderabad.</li> </ol>	tions,
	3. Curran, P (1985). Principles of Remote Sensing, Longman, London.	
	<ol> <li>Sabins, F.F. (2007) Remote Sensing Principles and Interpretation, Freem Sanfrancisco.</li> </ol>	an,
	Reference Books:	
References	1. John, T. Smith, Jr, (1973) Manual of Colour Aerial Photography (I Edit	ion) American
	Society of Photogrammetry, ASP Falls Church, Virginia.	,
	2. Lillesand, T.M. And Kiefer, P.W., (2007) Remote Sensing and Image	Interpretation,
	John Wiley & Sons, New York. Third Edition.	
	3. Rampal, (1999) Handbook of Aerial Photography and Interpreta	tion, Concept
	publishing.	
	4. Shiv N. Pandey, (1987) Principles and Applications of Photo geology,	Wiley Eastern
	Limited, India.	
	Web resources:	
	1. http://www.gdmc.nl/oosterom/PoRSHyperlinked.pdf	
	2. http://www.geoservis.ftn.uns.ac.rs/downloads/ISP/1999-fundamentals-of	-remote-
	sensing.pdf	1 D
	3. https://webapps.itc.utwente.nl/librarywww/papers_2009/general/Princip sing.pdf	leskemolesen
	On completion of Course, the students should be able to	
Course	1. Describe the basic principles of Remote Sensing	
Outcomes	2. Describe the Electromagnetic spectrum.	
	3. Formulate the relationship between electromagnetic radiation, geo of	pjects and the
	generation of geo information.	
	4. Categorize insight into different kinds of sensors, systems and satellite plat	forms.
	5. Predict the basic principles of GPS.	

REMOTE SENSING AND GPS												
CO/PO				РО		PSO						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	1	1	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	2	2
CO2	3	1	1	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	1
CO3	3	1	1	2	2	1	2	3	1	1	2	2
CO4	3	1	1	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	2	2
CO5	3	2	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	1	2	2

Course Code & Title	18GEOP0106 CRYSTALLOGRAPHY	AND MINERAI	LOGY - PRACTICAL - I						
Class	M. Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	1st Semester						
Cognitive Level	K-1								
	K-2								
	К-3	K-3							
Course Objectives		erian Signs optical properties e structural form	ulae for various mineral groups.						
		To Discriminate the structural formulae for various minima groups.							

Unit	Contents
	<ol> <li>Study of Crystal models of all crystal systems.</li> <li>Crystal Projections, Stereographic projections and calculation of crystal elements.</li> <li>Equation of normal, axial ratios, interfacial angles, indices of faces.</li> <li>Weiss zone of law, rule of three faces in zone.</li> <li>Derivation of Millerian signs for a co zonal quartette.</li> <li>Determination of Optical Properties of Minerals using Petrological Microscope.</li> <li>Determination of Relative Birefringence, order of interference colour, sign of elongation, birefringence, scheme of pleochroism and pleochroic formula.</li> <li>Determination of Optic orientation, extinction angle, anorthite content.</li> <li>Determination of structural formula of the following mineral groups: Garnet, Olivine, Pyroxene, Feldspar, Mica and Amphibole.</li> <li>Megascopic Identification of Important Rock Forming Minerals.</li> </ol>
Course Outcomes	<ul> <li>On completion of Course, the students should be able to</li> <li>1. Identify the physical properties of industrial minerals and Fe ores</li> <li>2. Explain the physical properties of Cu and Mn ores.</li> <li>3. Discuss the physical properties of Pb and Zn ores</li> <li>4. Identify physical properties of Sn, As, Sb ores and radioactive ores</li> <li>5. Analyze the Ore minerals quantitatively.</li> </ul>

		CRYS	STALLC	OGRAPH	IY AN	D MIN	IERAI	LOGY -	PRAC	FICAL ·	·I	
CO/PO				РО			PS	0				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	2	1	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	3
CO2	3	2	1	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	3
CO3	3	2	1	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	3
CO4	3	2	1	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	3
CO5	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	3	1	1	3	3

Course Code & Title	18GEOP0107 STRUCTURAL GEOLOG PRACTICAL - II	SY, PALAEON	FOLOGY AND REMOTE SENSING -					
Class	M. Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	1st Semester					
Cognitive Level	K-1							
	К-2							
	К-3							
	The Course aims							
Course Objectives	• To Identify the meg Fossils.	gascopic features	and the morphological characteristics of					
	• To Determine the ge	ological structure	es through cross sections.					
	• To Identify the True dip, apparent dip, and thickness of Beds.							
	To visually interpret	the images using	stereoscopes					
	Interpret the litholog satellite imagery and		pmorphology, land use/ landcover through bhs.					

Unit	Contents
	1. Megascopic identification of Fossils.
	2. Reconstruction of Broken Fossils.
	3. Tracing Evolutionary trends in Trilobites, Graptolites, Cephalopods, Brachiopods and Corals.
	4. Chronological Arrangement of Mega fossils.
	5. Morphological study of Foraminifera.
	6. Three-point problems for Fold maps, Fault maps, and Unconformity maps and Preparation of cross sections across the geological maps to bring out the structure and order of superposition of the beds.
	7. Structural geology problems/Graphical determination of Dip in gradient.
	8. Determination of True dip by simple calculation.
	9. Determination of Apparent dips by Graphical method.
	10. Determination of Thickness of bed by calculation on a level ground.
	11. Geometric analyses of linear and planar features using Stereographic projection
	12. Visual Interpretation Methods
	13. Visual Interpretation Instruments – Mirror Stereoscope
	14. Visual Interpretation Instruments – Pocket Stereoscope
	15. Parallax Bar
	16. Satellite Image interpretation Elements.
	17. Lithology through aerial photograph and satellite data
	18. Structure through aerial photograph and satellite data
	19. Geomorphology through aerial photograph and satellite data
	20. Landuse and Landcover aerial photograph and satellite data

	<ul><li>21. Spatial resolution vs Features</li><li>22. Lineament mapping and its measurements</li></ul>
Course Outcomes	On completion of Course, the students should be able to         1. Identify the megascopic fossils         2. Analyze the broken fossils         3. Explain the Morphological features of fossils         4. Assess the Dip and strike from the maps         5. Analyze the thickness of beds by calculation method

# STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY, PALAEONTOLOGY AND REMOTE SENSING - PRACTICAL - II

CO/PO		PO								PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5		
CO1	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	3	1	1	1	3		
CO2	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	3	1	1	1	3		
CO3	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	3	1	1	1	3		
CO4	3	3	1	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	3		
CO5	3	3	1	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	3	3		

18GEOP0208 IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC PETROLOGY						
M.Sc Geology and Geomatics Semester 2nd Semester						
K-1						
K-2						
K-3						
<ul> <li>The course aims</li> <li>To Learn about the composition of Magma, crystallization of magma</li> <li>To Understand the classification of Igneous rocks</li> <li>To Gain knowledge about the petrography of various types of Igneous rocks.</li> <li>To Know about the formation and different facies of Metamorphism</li> </ul>						
	IGNEOUS AND META         M.Sc Geology and Geomatics         K-1         K-2         K-3         The course aims         • To Learn abo         • To Understart         • To Gain know         • To Know abo	IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC PETA         M.Sc Geology and Geomatics       Semester         K-1       K-2         K-3       K-3         The course aims       To Learn about the composition         To Understand the classification       To Gain knowledge about the period				

Unit	Content	No. of Hours
	Igneous Petrology: Composition and Constitution of Magmas – Phase rule	
	Bowen's Reaction Principle - Reaction principles in petrogenesis -	12 Lectures
	continuous and discontinuous series. Crystallization of Unicomponent	
I	Magma, Binary Magma (Diopside - Anorthite, Forsterite – Silica and Albite -	
	Anorthite). Ternary Magma (Albite - Anorthite - Diopside, Forsterite -	
	Anorthite-Silica, Diopside – Forsterite -Anorthite). Outline of Quaternary	
	System for Basalt. Crystallization of Basaltic Magma. Magmatic	
	Crystallization, Differentiation-Assimilation.	
	<u>Classification of Igneous rocks</u> – Chemical classification- CIPW Norm,	12 Lectures
	Silica saturation and Alumina saturation Tyrrell's tabular Classification.	
II	IUGS classificationsTypes of Variation diagrams and their utility-	
	<b>Petrography-</b> A detailed Petrography of Acid and Intermediate Igneous rocks	
	and their volcanic equivalents A detailed Petrography of Basic and Ultra	
	basic Igneous Rocks and their volcanic equivalents.	
	Petrography of Rocks-Anorthosites, Pegmatites, Carbonatites,	12 Lectures
III	Lamprophyres, Granites, and Kimberlite. Igneous rocks at Continental	
	margins: The Ophiolite suite. Calc alkaline and Tholeilite group of rocks.	
	The Origin of Igneous rocks – variations in igneous rock, Evidence of	
	Differentiation, Variation within a single rock body.	

	Matamamhia Datualague Definition Acousta and tunas of Matamamhian 0 Lastures				
	Metamorphic Petrology: Definition, Agents and types of Metamorphism, 9 Lectures				
	<u>Facies and Grades of Metamorphism</u> . Texture and Structures of				
<b>XX</b> 7	Metamorphic rocks. Metamorphic rock types. Mineralogical phase rule of				
IV	close and open systems. Mineral assemblages and metamorphic reactions.				
	P-T conditions of metamorphism. Laws of Thermodynamics- Gibbs free				
	energy. Concept of Activity, Fugacity, Ideal and Non-Ideal solutions.				
	Geothermobarometry.				
	ACF, AKF, AFM diagrams, Metamorphism vs Metasomatism - Metamorphic 9 Lectures				
V	differentiation. Petrography, nomenclature, classification and petrogenesis				
	of the following rocks: Slates – Phyllites – Schists – Gneisses – Granulites -				
	Charnockites – Eclogites – Amphibolites – Khondalites – Migmatites. <b>Remote</b>				
	Sensing based mapping-Igneous, Sedimentary and Metamorphic rocks.				
	Text Books:				
	1. Tyrrell G.W, (2012). The Principles of Petrology, an Introduction to the Science of				
	Rock. Sixth Edition, Surjeet publications.				
	2. Turner F.J., Verhoogen, J. (2004). Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology – CBS				
	publishers.				
	3. Walter Ta Huang, (2012). Petrology, First Indian Print, Surjeet Publications.				
	Reference Books:				
	1. Best, M. G, (2003). Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology. Wiley. New Delhi.				
References	<ol> <li>Best, M. G. (2005). Igneous and Metanolphic Ferrology. Whey. New Denn.</li> <li>Best, M. G. (2005). Igneous Petrology. Wiley, New Delhi.</li> </ol>				
Kelerences	<ol> <li>Bost, M. O. (2005). Igneous Ferrology. Wiley, New Denn.</li> <li>Bowen, N.L. (1928). Evolution of Igneous Rocks.</li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>Bowen, N.E., (1928). Evolution of Igneous Rocks.</li> <li>Donald W. Hyndman, (1985). Petrology of Igneous and Metamorphic Rocks, McGraw</li> </ol>				
	4. Donaid W. Hyndman, (1985). Ferrology of Igneous and Metamorphic Rocks, Mediaw Hill Book co.				
	5. Hota, R.N. (2011). Practical Approach to Petrology. CBS, New Delhi.				
	6. Philipotts, (1992). An Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology, Prentice Hall.				
	7. Ernest G. Ehlers., Harvey Blatt, (1999). Igneous, Sedimentary and Metamorphic				
	Rocks, CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.				
	8. Winter, J. D, (2010). Principles of Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology. PHI. New				
	Delhi.				
	Web resources:				
	1. <u>Underlined Titles are available in Swayam portal</u>				
	2. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Igneous_petrology				
	3. http://www.tulane.edu/~sanelson/eens212/intro&textures.htm				
	4. http://ericfdiaz.wordpress.com/an-introduction-to-igneous-petrology				
	5. Krishikosh.egranth.ac.in/bitstream/1/2023720/1/BPT9862pdf				
	6. http://www.pdfdrive.net/petrology-books html				
~	On completion of Course, the students should be able to				
Course	1. Designate about the Magmatic process and formation of igneous rocks.				
Outcomes	2. Identify the different types of Igneous Rocks				
	3. Explain about the Rock formations and important rock descriptions.				
	4. Evaluate the Environment of deposition and also Metamorphic Petrology.				
	5. Assess the Petrography, nomenclature, classification and petrogenesis of important				
	metamorphic rocks.				

18GEOP0208       IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC PETROLOGY       CO/PO     PO       PSO												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	2	1	2	2	1	2	3	2	3	2	1
CO2	3	3	1	2	2	1	1	3	2	2	2	1
CO3	3	2	1	2	3	1	2	3	2	3	2	2
CO4	3	3	1	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	3
CO5	3	3	1	3	3	1	2	3	2	3	3	2

Course Code & Title	18GEOP0209 ECONOMIC GEOLOGY, MINERAL ECONOMICS AND MINING GEOLOGY						
Class	M.Sc Geology and Geomatics Semester 2nd Semester						
Cognitive Level	K-1						
	K-2						
	К-3						
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>The Course aims</li> <li>To Understand the process of formation of ore deposits and classification of various mineral deposits</li> <li>To Study about the metallic minerals and their properties, origin and distribution</li> <li>To Study about the non-metallic minerals, their properties, origin and evolution</li> <li>To Learn about the various mining methods and prospecting methods</li> <li>To Acquire knowledge on the environmental impacts of mining.</li> </ul>						

Unit	Content	No. of Hours
	Process of formation of Ore Deposits : Various process - Magmatic	
	Concentration - Sublimation - Contact Metasomatism - Hydrothermal Process -	9 Lectures
-	Sedimentation - Bacterial process - Submarine exhalative and volcanic process -	
I	Evaporation - Residual and Mechanical concentration - Oxidation and	
	Supergene Enrichment - Metamorphism - Classification of mineral deposits -	
	Controls and Localization of Mineral Deposits - Metallogenic Epochs and	
	Provinces - Geological Thermometry and barometry for Ore minerals.	
	Study of Important Metallic Minerals: Study of following Metallic Mineral	9 Lectures
	Deposits and their Origin, Occurrence & Distribution in India and Uses -	
II	Platinum - Gold - Silver - Aluminum - Iron - Manganese - Chromium -	
	Vanadium - Molybdenum - Tungsten - Nickel - Cobalt - Titanium - Copper -	
	Lead - Zinc - Magnesium minerals.	
	Study of Important Non-Metallic Minerals: Origin, Occurrence, Distribution	9 Lectures
III	in India and Uses of: Asbestos - Mica - Baryte - Talc - Ceramic Minerals -	
	Building Stones - Cement Raw Materials - Mineral Pigments - Refractory	
	Materials - Abrasive Minerals - Fertilizer Minerals and Gemstones. Mineral	
	Economics: Significance of Minerals in National Economy - Demands and	
	Supplies - Substitutes - Market Economy - Essential, Critical and Strategic	
	Minerals - Mineral Conservation Policy - India's Status in Mineral Production	

	Mining Geology: Introduction to Mining - Prospecting and Sampling -	9 Lectures
	Trenching – Pitting – Exploratory Drilling and Calculation of Grades - Methods	
	of Investigation of Ore Bodies. Drilling Methods and Types of Drills -	
IV	Classification of Mining methods: Surface Mining - Alluvial Mining -	
	Opencast mining or quarrying - Parts of Opencast mine: Bench Parameters -	
	Mine Haulage. Cycles of Mining Operation - Mine Explosives - Ore Reserves	
	Estimation - Application of Ore Microscope.	0 T
	Underground Mining: Basic concepts and terms: Shaft - adit - winze - raise -	9 Lectures
V	stope - mine support and ventilation <b>Open stope</b> : gophering mining method -	
	Breast stope - Open underhand stoping - Open overhand stoping - Underground	
	glory hole - Pillar and chamber method - Sub level stoping. Supported stopes:	
	Overhand stoping method with supports - Timbered stopes - Square set method -	
	Filled stopes - Shrinkage stopes - Mitchell slicing system- Caving methods -	
	Outline of underground coal mining methods - Mining machineries -	
	Organization and structure of a mine - Role of a geologist in mining industry -	
	Mining legislations - Preparation of mine plans - mining scheme -	
	Environmental Impact Assessment and Management Plans - Mine Accidents -	
	Miner's Diseases.	
	Text Books:	
	1. Arogyaswami, R. N. P., Course in Mining Geology, Oxford and IBH Publ	ishing
	house, 1980.	
	2. Bateman, A., Economic Mineral Deposits, John Wiley, 2013.	
	3. Rao, D.P., Remote Sensing for Earth Resources, Second Edition, Associat	tion of
	Exploration Geophysicist, Hyderabad, 1999.	. and
	4. Prasad, U., Economic Geology- Economic Mineral Deposits, Second Edit	ion, CBS
De	Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd., 2000. Reference Books:	
References		noricon
	<ol> <li>Alistarir R. Brown, Interpretation of Three-Dimensional Seismic Data, An Association of Petroleum Geologists, USA., 1986.</li> </ol>	liencali
	<ol> <li>Edwards, R. &amp; Atkinson, K., Ore Deposit Geology, Chapman &amp; Hall, Lor</li> </ol>	don 1086
	<ol> <li>Gokhale &amp; Roa, Ore Deposits of India, Thomson press, 2010.</li> </ol>	idoli, 1760.
	<ol> <li>Gokhaic &amp; Roa, Ofe Deposits of India, Thomson press, 2010.</li> <li>Iyengar, N.K.N., Mineral wealth of Tamilnadu, Madras Govt, 1978.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Levorsen A.I., Geology of Petroleum, CBS Publishers and Distributors, Se</li> </ol>	econd
	Edition, Delhi, 1985.	ceona
	6. Parbin Singh, Engineering and General Geology", S. K. Kataria& Sons, N	lew Delhi
	2013.	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	7. Umathay, R.M., Mineral Deposits of India. Batisons, 2006.	
	8. Sinha, R.K.& Sharma, N.L., Treatise on industrial minerals of India, 1967	
	Web resources:	
	1. Underlined Titles are available in Swayam portal	
	2. https://www.britannica.com/science/mineral-deposit/Formation-of-mineral-	al-deposits
	3. http://www.preservearticles.com/2012010519974/the-processes-of-format	-
	mineral-deposits-are-grouped-into-three-main-types.html	5
	4. https://www.geologyforinvestors.com/classification-of-mineral-deposits/	
	5. https://iasmania.com/mineral-resources-india-iron-coal-aluminium-coppe	er-lead-zinc/
	6. http://www.aadnc-aandc.gc.ca/eng/1100100028056/1100100028058	
	7. https://everydayoil.wordpress.com/2012/11/16/different-types-of-drilling-of-	and-its-breif-

	description/					
	8. http://www.cienciaviva.pt/img/upload/Introduction%20to%20mining.pdf.					
	9. https://www.americangeosciences.org/critical-issues/faq/what-are-main-mining- methods					
	10. http://emfi.mines.edu/emfi2011/Coal%20Mining%20Methods%20-					
	%20EMFI%20Summary.pdf					
	On completion of Course, the students should be able to					
Course	1. Describe the process of Ore formation.					
Outcomes	2. Discuss the Salient Metallic mineral groups.					
	3. Assess the Mineral Exploration Techniques and Sampling and surface mining methods.					
	4. Formulate the Scientific questions about the Underground mining methods.					
	5. Analyze the Mineral economic strategies.					

CO/PO			MIC GEOLOGY, MINERAL ECONOMICS AN PO						PSO			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	2	1	2	3	1	2	3	2	3	2	2
CO2	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	3	1	3	2	1
CO3	3	3	1	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	2
CO4	3	3	1	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1

18GEOP0210 ENVIRONMENTAL G MANAGEMENT	GEOLOGY	AND	NATURAL	DISASTER		
M.Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	2nd S	emester			
K-1						
K-2						
K-3						
<ul> <li>The Course aims</li> <li>To Know about the Importance of Environmental geology and various types of resources.</li> <li>To Learn about the concept of Ecosystems, types of pollution, its causes and effects</li> <li>To Understand the concepts of disasters, its classification, causes and impacts.</li> </ul>						
	ENVIRONMENTAL       G         MANAGEMENT       M.Sc Geology and         M.Sc Geology and       Geomatics         K-1       K-2         K-3       The Course aims         • To Know about the of resources.       • To Learn about the of refects         • To Understand the complexity       • To Understand the complexity	ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT       GEOLOGY         M.Sc Geology and Geomatics       Semester         K-1       K-2         K-3       K-3         The Course aims       • To Know about the Importance of of resources.         • To Learn about the concept of Eco effects         • To Understand the concepts of disa	ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT       GEOLOGY       AND         M.Sc Geology and Geomatics       Semester       2nd S         K-1       K-2       K-3         K-3       The Course aims       •         •       To Know about the Importance of Environm of resources.       •         •       To Learn about the concept of Ecosystems, the effects       •         •       To Understand the concepts of disasters, its classed       •	ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT       GEOLOGY       AND       NATURAL         M.Sc Geology and Geomatics       Semester       2nd Semester         K-1       K-1         K-2       K-3         The Course aims       •         •       To Know about the Importance of Environmental geology an of resources.         •       To Learn about the concept of Ecosystems, types of pollution effects		

Unit	Content	No. of Hours			
	Environmental Geology: Planet Earth, environment and its types, scope and				
	importance of Environmental Geology, public awareness, Natural Resources;	0 L aatumaa			
т	types of resources (based on origin, based on continual utility). Natural	9 Lectures			
Ι	Resources and Associated Problems: Forest resources, Water resources, Flood,				
	Drought, Mineral resources,				
	Energy Resources, Land resources, Ecosystem: concept of an ecosystem,				
	structure and function of an ecosystem, producers, consumers and decomposers,				
II	energy flow in the ecosystem, Ecological succession, food chains, food webs 9 Lect				
	and Ecological pyramids. Causes, Effects and Control Measures of: Air				
	Pollution, Soil Pollution, Marine Pollution, Noise Pollution, Thermal Pollution,				
	Nuclear Hazards				
	Introduction to Disaster: Concepts and Definitions. Disaster, Hazard, Risk,				
III	Vulnerability, Resilience. Disaster: Classification, Causes and Impacts:				
	Natural Disaster: Beneath the Earth Surface: <i>Earthquake</i> , Tsunami, <i>Volcanic</i>	9 Lectures			
	Eruptions.				
	Natural Disaster: On the Surface: Landslides, Avalanche. Meteorological /	9 Lectures			
IV	Hydrological Disasters; Flood, Droughts, Windstorms, Hailstorms, Tornadoes,				
	Health; Epidemics.				

**	Approaches to Disaster Risk Reduction: Disaster Management Cycle, Phases						
V	of Disaster Cycle. Culture of Safety, Prevention, mitigation and Preparedness.						
	Structural measures, Components of Disaster Relief. Four phases of Disaster 9 Lectures						
	Management.						
	Text Books:						
	1. Jonathan Turk and Graham R. Thompson, Environmental Geoscience: Saunders						
	College Division, 2000.						
	2. Savindra Singh., Environmental Geography, Prayag Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad,						
	2012						
	Reference Books:						
	1. Chouhan, T.S.& Joshi, K.N., Applied Remote Sensing and Photo Interpretation,						
	VigyanPrakashan, 1996.						
References	2. Edward A. Keller, Environmental Geology (8th Edition) Prentice Hall, 1999.						
	3. Misra., S. P & Pandey, S.N., Essential Environmental studies, 3rd Edition, Ane Books						
	Pvt. Ltd, 2011.						
	Web resources:						
	1. Underlined Titles are available in Swayam portal						
	2. http://www.svu.edu.eg/links/ictp/e_learning/links/courses/dr_abbas/course3/1.pdf						
	3. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/GIS_in_environmental_contamination						
	4. http://www.geo.unibe.ch/unibe/portal/fak_naturwis/e_geowiss/a_igeo/content/e42577						
	/e42580/e454184/e454188/RWIforbeginnersA5-ERZ2_ger.pdf						
	5. http://www-naweb.iaea.org/napc/ih/documents/global_cycle/vol%20IV/IV_Ch4.pdf						
	6. https://www.conserve-energy-future.com/causes-and-effects-of-environmental-						
	degradation.php						
	7. http://www.civileblog.com/types-of-soil/						
	8. http://environment.uwe.ac.uk/geocal/SoilMech/classification/default.htm						
	9. http://cbse.nic.in/natural%20hazards%20&%20disaster%20management.pdf						
	10. http://www.fao.org/3/a-i0304e.pdf						
	11. https://think-asia.org/bitstream/handle/11540/5035/disaster-management-						
	handbook.pdf?sequence=1						
	12. http://www.untagsmd.ac.id/files/Perpustakaan_Digital_1/DISASTER%20MANAGEM						
	ENT%20Disaster%20Management%20Handbook.pdf						
~	On completion of Course, the students should be able to						
Course	1. Assess the basics of Environmental Geology and Natural Disaster Management						
Outcomes	2. Explain the concept of Natural Disaster Management						
	3. Analyze the risk and mitigation of hazards.						
	4. Identify the remote sensing technology and GIS for natural disaster management.						
	5. Discuss the Natural Disaster Management through Geospatial technology.						

18GEOP ENVIRC CO/PO		NTAL	GEOLO	<u>GY ANI</u> PO	) NAT	URAL	DISA	STER N	MANAC	<u>SEMEN</u> PS		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	2	3	2	2	1	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2
CO4	3	3	1	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	2
CO5	3	3	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	1

K-1							
К-2							
K-3							
of geology							

Unit	Content	No. of Hours
	<b>Principles of Image Processing</b> : Digital Image formats - <b>Image Processing</b> <b>systems:</b> Hardware Component, Software Consideration and color composites,	12 Lectures
	Image Display. Image Restoration: Geometric Correction Methods: Sources	12 Lectures
Ι	of Errors, Correction Processes. Radiometric Correction: Sources of errors, correction processes. Atmospheric Correction Methods.	
	Image Registration; Image Enhancement: Contrast Enhancement; Linear	
	Contrast stretch, Non-Linear Contrast enhancement. Histogram Equalization,	10.1
II	Gaussian Stretch, Density Slicing. Spatial Filtering; Spatial convolution	12 Lectures
	filtering, Low frequency filtering in the spatial domain, High frequency	
	filtering in the spatial domain. Edge enhancement in the Spatial Domain;	
	Linear edge enhancement, Band rationing, Color Ratio Composite Images	
Ш	Image Classification: Supervised classification; The Classification Stage;Minimum distance to Means Classifiers, Parallelepiped Classifiers, GaussianMaximum Likelihood Classifier, The Training Stage. Unsupervised	12 Lectures
	classification; Cluster building, Cluster Labeling, Reclassification Processing	
	and Feature Extraction. Sub pixel classification, Classification Accuracy	
	Assessment; Overall Classification Map Accuracy Assessment, Site Specific	
	Classification Map Accuracy assessment. Classification Error Matrix	
	<b>Image Processing Software Introduction;</b> Introduction to Envi Image Processing Software, Introduction ERDAS Image Processing Software. <b>Image</b>	
IV	Analysis; Band Ratioing, Principal Component Analysis, Normalized Density	12 Lectures
1,	Vegetation Index, Normalized Density Water Index, Pan sharpening. Drone	

	late enclosis Distal Osline Date () D1 U000 OLOD 1	I
	data analysis. <b>Digital Online Data Sources;</b> Bhuvan, USGS, GLCF, and Google Earth. <b>Digital Elevation Model;</b> DEM from Line Features, Contours	
	from DEM, Slope and Aspect, Line of Sight,	
	<b>Computer Applications in Geology;</b> Aquachem, Rockworks, Petro plot,	
V	Stereonet, Igpet, IPI2WIN, Surfer, Petrograph, Tri plot, SPSS, Statistical,	
	Origin. Mobile Android Geological Softwares; Field Move Clino, Smart	12 Lectures
	Geology -Mineral Guide, Petrologic, Geological time scale, Strike and dip,	
	Rocklogger, ArcGIS, Geo Area.	
	Text Books:	
	1. Curran, P. (1985) Principles of Remote Sensing, Longman, London.	
	<ol> <li>Nilblack, W. (1986) An Introduction to Digital Image Processing, III Edi Prentice Hall International.</li> </ol>	tion,
	<ol> <li>Bruce E. Davis, (2001) GIS A visual approach, Second edition, Onword 1</li> </ol>	Press/
	Thomson Learning	11033/
	Reference Books:	
	1. Hord M.P, (1982) Digital Image Processing or Remotely Sensed Data, A	cademic
References	Press.	
	2. Jenson, (2004) Introduction to digital image processing, Prentice Hall: 3	
	3. Lillesand, T.M. and Kiefer, P.W, (2003) Remote Sensing and Image Inter	rpretation,
	John Wiley & Sons, New York.	D:.:4-1
	4. Paul J. Gibson and Clara H. Power (2000) Introductory Remote Sensing, Image Processing and Applications, Routledge.	Digital
	5. Pratt, S.K. (1990) Digital Image Processing, Wiley - Inter Science, New	York
	Web resources:	I OIK.
	1. <u>Underlined Titles are available in Swayam portal</u>	
	2. http://148.206.53.84/tesiuami/S_pdfs/Remote%20Sensing%20Digital%20	0Image%20A
	nalysis.pdf	
	3. http://www.wamis.org/agm/pubs/agm8/Paper-5.pdf	
	4. http://www.fao.org/3/a-i0304e.pdf	4
	5. https://think-asia.org/bitstream/handle/11540/5035/disaster-managemen handbook.pdf?sequence=1	1-
	6. http://www.untagsmd.ac.id/files/Perpustakaan_Digital_1/DISASTER%20	) MANAGEM
	ENT%20Disaster%20Management%20Handbook.pdf	
	On completion of Course, the students should be able to	
Course	1. Describe the principles of DIP	
Outcomes	2. Identify the Image Enhancement techniques and its applications	
	3. Demonstrate Image Classification techniques	
	4. Categorize Geological software and its applications	
	5. Describe the multimedia applications in Geology	

18GEOP DIGITA CO/PO		GE PRO	CESSIN	<u>G AND</u> PO	GEO	COM	PUTIN	G		PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	3	1	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	2	1
CO2	3	3	1	2	2	1	1	3	2	2	3	2
CO3	3	3	1	3	3	2	1	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	1	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2
CO5	3	2	3	1	2	2	1	3	1	2	2	2

Course Code & Title	18GEOP0212 Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology & Economic Geology - PRACTICAL - III							
Class	M. Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	2nd Semester					
Cognitive Level	K-1							
	K-2							
	К-3							
Course Objectives	metamorphic rocks	petrographic prop properties of ore nomic minerals in						

Unit	Contents
	<ol> <li>Megascopic Identification of Igneous, Sedimentary and Metamorphic rocks.</li> <li>Microscopic Identification of Rock Fabrics, Mineral assemblages of Igneous, Sedimentary and Metamorphic rocks.</li> <li>Calculation of C.I.P.W. Norm.</li> <li>Variation diagrams: Binary- Harker, Niggli, Ternary variation diagrams.</li> <li>ACF, AKF and AFM diagrams.</li> <li>REE distribution patterns and Petrogenetic significance of rocks.</li> <li>Identification of economic minerals in hand specimen.</li> <li>Study of optical properties of opaque minerals in reflected light and their identification in polished thin section.</li> <li>Study ore textures and interpretation of paragenesis.</li> <li>Identification of following important economic minerals in hand specimen         <ul> <li>Native Elements</li> <li>Oxides</li> <li>Oxides</li> <li>Sulphides</li> <li>Sulphides</li> <li>Sulphides</li> <li>Sulphides</li> <li>Sulphides</li> <li>Sulphides</li> <li>Sulphides</li> <li>Sulphides</li> <li>Chlorite halogen</li> <li>Silicates</li> </ul> </li> </ol>

	J. Phosphates
	K. Halites
	L. Oxide - spinel group
	Ore Reserve Estimation
	1. Theory of sampling
	2. Included area and valance weight method
	3. Triangular grouping method
	4. Area of Influencing method
	On completion of Course, the students should be able to
	1. Identify the Igneous, Sedimentary and Metamorphic rock
Course	2. Evaluate the microscopic properties of Igneous, Sedimentary and Metamorphic rock
Outcomes	3. Prepare the Harker, Niggli and Ternary variation diagrams.
	4. Prepare the ACF, AKF and AFM diagrams.
	5. Identify the physical properties of important economic minerals.

18GEOP Igneous		etamorj	ohic Peti	rology &	Econo	mic G	eology	- PRA	CTICAI	- III				
CO/PO	PO								PSO					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5		
CO1	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	1		
CO2	3	3	1	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	2	1		
CO3	3	3	1	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	2	2		
CO4	3	3	1	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	2	2		
CO5	3	2	1	2	2	1	1	3	2	2	1	1		

Course Code & Title	18GEOP0213 Digital Image Processing - PRACTICAL - IV						
Class	M. Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	2nd Semester				
Cognitive Level	K-1						
	K-2						
	K-3						
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>The Course aims</li> <li>To Do geometric correction s of raw images</li> <li>To Compute various image processing techniques</li> <li>To Apply the classification techniques</li> <li>To Generate DEM, contours, slope maps</li> </ul>						
	To Generate DI	EM, contours, slo					

Unit	Contents
Unit	Contents         Contents         Exploring the Digital Image Processing Software Interface and Working with True and False         Color Composite using remotely sensed data sets.         1. Data download from Bhuvan, USGS, GLCF, and Google Earth.         2. Portal, and Blend, Flicker, Swipe and Geolinking.         3. Overlay of Vector Layer over Image.         4. Reading Raw Image, Reproject Raster and Geometric Correction. Mosaicing of Images         5. Spatial and Spectral Subset.         6. Image Enhancement/ Stretch, Apply Spatial Filter, Mosaic.         7. Pan sharpening.         8. Density Slicing         9. NDVI and NDWI Calculation.         10. Principal Component Analysis (PCA).         11. Band Rationing         12. Change Detection, Anomaly Detection.         13. Spectral Analogues Tool for Vegetation Delineation.         14. Relative Water Depth Analysis.         15. Unsupervised Classification.
	16. Post Classification Analysis: Class Combine.
	<ol> <li>Post Classification Analysis: Class Recode.</li> <li>Post Classification Analysis: Class Identification.</li> <li>Post Classification Analysis: Filtering, Vectorization.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Post Classification Analysis: Filtering, Vectorization.</li> <li>Supervised Classification, Accuracy Assessment, Generation of Class Statistics.</li> </ol>

	21. Lidar data analysis
	22. Drone data analysis
	23. Generation of DEM from Line Features
	24. Generation of Contours from DEM
	25. Generation of Slope and Aspect
	26. Generation of Line of Sight
	27. Atmospheric Correction
	28. Exploring the basic principles of geological softwares.
	a. Rockworks
	b. Igepet
	c. Surfer
	d. Aquachem
	e. Petroplot
	29. Mobile Applications
	a) Field Move Clino e) Strike and dip
	b) Smart Geology -Mineral f) Rocklogger
	Guide g) ArcGIS
	c) Petrologic h) Geo Area
	d) Geological time scale
	On completion of Course, the students should be able to
	1. Geometrically correct the data
Course	2. To Carry out the image processing techniques
Outcomes	3. To generate DEM, Line of Sight map, contour maps
	4. Work with various geological softwares.
	5. To apply mobile technology in geological mapping

CO/PO				ACTICA PO						PS	0	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	3	1	1	2	1
CO2	3	3	1	3	3	2	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO3	3	3	1	3	3	3	1	3	3	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	1	3	2	1	1	3	2	2	1	1
CO5	3	3	1	3	2	1	1	3	2	2	1	1

Course Code & Title	18GEOP0314 SEDIMENTARY PET	ROLOGY AND M	IARINE GEOLOGY
Class	M.Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	3rd Semester
Cognitive Level	K-1	I	
	К-2		
	К-3		
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>sedimentary roc</li> <li>To Study the periods</li> <li>To Understand XRF methods</li> <li>To Learn about coast and the important the second second</li></ul>	ks etro graphical prope the environment of the scope and impo- portant marine min owledge about the	operties, classification and composition of erties of clastic and non-clastic sedimentary f deposition through grain size analysis and ortance of marine geology, classification of eral deposits. microfossils, properties of sea, and various

Unit	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	<ul> <li><u>Sedimentary Petrology</u>: Physical properties of sedimentary particles and minerals - Mineral Stability and their Significance - Porosity and Permeability.</li> <li>Classification and Composition of Sedimentary rocks- Textures, <u>Structures</u> and their Environmental Significance. Provenance of sediments - <u>Lithification</u> and diagenesis. Sedimentation and tectonics: tectonic control of sedimentation, geosynclines and their lithological association, plate tectonics in relation type and evolution of basins</li> </ul>	9 Lectures
	Petrography-         Nomenclature,         Classification,         Depositional         Environment         and           Genesis         of         Clastic         Sedimentary         Rocks:         Sandstones:         Shales:         Breccias:	
Π	Conglomerates. <b>Non-clastic sedimentary rocks</b> : Limestones, Dolomites, Flint, Chert, and Evaporites.	9 Lectures
III	<b>Environment of Deposition:</b> Non-marine, Transitional and Marine Environments and products. <b>Outline on Grain size analysis</b> : Heavy mineral analysis, Clay mineral analysis and palaeo environmental studies. <b>Grain size determination:</b> sample preparation, direct measurements, dry and wet sieving. Grain size analysis and graphical representation. Provenance of sedimentary rocks. <b>Analysis of sedimentary rocks:</b> XRF and SEM methods. Sedimentary basins and sedimentary depositional environments. Role of colloids in sedimentation.	9 Lectures

	Marine Geology: <u>Introduction and scope of marine geology</u> , Oceanic profile,
	oceanic features, beaches. Classification of coast: erosion and accretion.
	Waves, Currents and Tides. Coastal protection structures. Classification of 9 Lectures
IV	marine mineral deposits: Origin and depositional system of marine resources.
	Beach placers: Shelf deposits, Deep Ocean phosphatic, Polymetallic nodules,
	Sulphate deposits, Hydrocarbon deposits
	Sea water as a resource: <u>Ocean circulation, turbidity current</u> , submarine and
V	sedimentational processes. Oceanic sediments and microfossils: Marine
	stratigraphy, correlation and chronology. Tectonic history of the oceans- 9 Lectures
	Concept of sea level changes. Seismic stratigraphy and sequence stratigraphy as
	applied to marine geology. Physical and chemical properties of sea water.
	Marine pollution, path ways, resilence time, pollutants in the marine
	environment. Marine geological instruments: - Methods of measuring
	properties of the sea. Sediment samplers: Van Veen grab, Peterson grab, La
	Fond & Dietz snapper, Phleger – corer sampler, Surficial sediment scoop,
	Sediment dredger.
	Text Books:
	1. Maurice E. Tucker, (2001). Sedimentary Petrology an Introduction to the origin of
	Sedimentary Rocks. Third edition.
	2. Sengupta S.M, (2011). Introduction to Sedimentology, CBS Publishers and
	Distributors, Second edition.
	3. Tyrrell, G.W, (2012). The Principles of Petrology, an Introduction to the Science
	of Rock. Sixth Edition, Surjeet publications.
	4. Gary Nichols, (2009). Sedimentology and Stratigraphy, Second Edition.
References	5. Lal D.S, (2013). Climatology and Oceanography, Sharda Pustak Bhavan
	Publishers and Distributors.
	6. Savindra Singh, (2014). Oceanography, Pravalika Publications.U.S Army Corps
	of Engineers, (1995). Coastal Geology, University Press of the Pacific Honolulu,
	Hawaii
	Reference Books:
	1. <u>Underlined Titles are available in Swayam portal</u>
	2. Collision, J.D., Thompson, D.B, (1989). Sedimentary Structures. 2nd Ed.
	Unwin Hyman, London.
	3. Maurice E. Tucker, (2001). Sedimentary Petrology an Introduction to the
	origin of Sedimentary Rocks. Third edition.
	4. Pettijohn, F.J., (1975). Sedimentary Rocks, Harper & Row, New York, 3rd
	Edision.
	5. Reineck, H.E., Singh I.B. (1980). Depositional Sedimentary Environments,
	Springer Verlag.
	6. Ernest, G. Ehlers., Harvey Blatt, (1999). Igneous, Sedimentary and Matamambia Baaka, CBS Publishers and Distributors, Naw Dalhi
	Metamorphic Rocks, CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.
	Web Resources:
	1. www.usouthal.edu/geology/haywick/GY402/402-pp1.pdf.
	2. https://www.lib.utexas.edu/geo/folkready/entirefolkpdf.pdf

	On completion of Course, the students should be able to
Course	1. Describe the process and formation of Sedimentary rocks.
Outcomes	2. Categorize the Classification of Sedimentary Rocks
	3. Describe the concept of Marine geology.
	4. Analyze the marine environments using marine geological instruments.
	5. Identify the suitable remote sensing applications in ocean sciences

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CO2	3	2	1	2	2	1	1	3	2	2	1
CO3	3	1	1	2	2	1	1	3	2	2	1
CO4	3	2	1	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	1	2	2	1	1	3	2	2	1

Course Code & Title	18GEOP0315 HYDROGEOLOGY AND ENGINEERING GEOLOGY						
Class	M.Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	3rd Semester				
Cognitive Level	K-1						
	K-2						
	К-3						
Course Objectives	The Course aims         • To Describe about the hydrological properties of rocks         • To Illustrate the physical parameters of water quality standards         • To Understand the concept of groundwater basins         • To Know about the engineering properties of rocks         • To Learn about the geological considerations for constructing dams, reservoirs, tunnels						

Unit	Content	No. of Hours
	Hydrological Properties of Rocks: Porosity, Permeability, Specific Yield and	
	Specific Retention, Base Flow, Transmissivity and Storage Coefficient -	
_	Ground Water Flow Equations: Steady and Transient Flow. Darcy's Law:	12 Lectures
Ι	Hydraulic Conductivity, Steady, Unsteady and Radial Flow - Aquifers: Types	
	and Hydro stratigraphic Units - Pumping Tests: Definition, Methodology, Data	
	Collection, and Interpretation by Theis, Cooper-Jacob's methods. Drilling	
	Methods for Groundwater Bore Wells.	
	Physical Parameters of Groundwater Quality - Analysis of Major and Minor	
	Elements in groundwater using APHA standards - Outline of Water Quality	
II	Standards and Guidelines: WHO, BIS and ICAR - Water Quality Parameters	12 Lectures
	for Drinking, Agriculture, and Industrial Uses - Graphical Representation	
	and Interpretation of Water Quality Data: WILCOX, USSL, GIBBS plot,	
	Piper, Donean and Durov diagrams - Coastal Aquifers: Ghyben-Herzberg	
	relation and Saline Water Intrusion.	
	Groundwater Basins: Drainage and Basin Morphometry - Methods of	
III	determining groundwater flow and preparation of water table contour maps -	
	Problems due to over exploitation of groundwater. Groundwater recharge:	12 Lectures
	natural and artificial methods. Rainwater harvesting: definition, methods, and	
	design of harvesting structures - Outline of methods of groundwater	

	exploration - Groundwater provinces of India and Tamil Nadu.	
	Engineering properties of rocks: Rocks as materials for construction – Rocks	
	as sites for construction - Specific Gravity, Porosity, Absorption, Strength of	
	rocks, compressive strength, tensile strength. Poissen's ratio and their	12 Lectures
IV	measurement - Soil profile, soil particles, soil structure, plasticity & swelling -	
1 V	Decorative stones & Building Stones.	
	<b>Dams and Reservoirs:</b> Classification & types Problems & failures of dams -	
V	A brief account on Major Indian Dams - <b>Tunnels:</b> Classification &	
v	nomenclature, Geological survey prior to tunneling - Landslides: Types &	12 Lectures
	causes, Preventive measures, Road network & related problems & preventive	
	measures, Ghats road alignment.	
	-	
	Text Books:	
	1. David Keith Todd, Larry W. Mays, (2013) Groundwater Hydrology, wile	ey.
	2. Fetter, C. W, (2007) Applied Hydrology, CBS Publications.	
	3. Herman Bouwer, (2014) Groundwater Hydrology, McGraw hill education	n private
	limited.	
	4. Raghunath, H.M., (2003) Groundwater, New age international publicatio	ns.
	Reference Books:	
	1. Bankar K.M., Principles of Engineering Geology, Edition: 2014, Publishe	ed by Nem
References	Chand Jain for Standard Publishers Distributors	
	2. Deman, MCJ. Smith G.S and Verstappen, H. T. (1986), Remote Sensing	
	development and environmental management, A. A. Ballkema Publishers	s, Totterdam,
	Netherlands. 1986.	
	3. Paine, D.P. (1981) Aerial photography and image interpretation for resource wave and Sana New York	rce
	management, Wiley and Sons, New York.	
	<ol> <li>Ramakrishnan. S. (1998) Groundwater, CBS Publishers &amp; Distributors.</li> <li>Parbin Singh, Engineering and General Geology, Eight Revised Edition,</li> </ol>	Dublished by
	S. K. Kataria & Sons.	rublished by
Course	On completion of Course, the students should be able to 1. Predict the origin and occurrence of ground water	
Outcomes	<ol> <li>Predict the origin and occurrence of ground water</li> <li>Describe the properties of groundwater</li> </ol>	
Outcomes	<ol> <li>Describe the properties of groundwater</li> <li>Analyze the Groundwater Basins and rain water harvesting methods</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Analyze the Groundwater Basins and rain water harvesting methods</li> <li>Assess the properties of Rocks for engineering purposes.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Assess the properties of Rocks for engineering purposes.</li> <li>Discuss the various types of Dams and Landslides</li> </ol>	
	5. Discuss the various types of Danis and Landshues	

18GEOP0315         HYDROGEOLOGY AND ENGINEERING GEOLOGY         CO/PO       PO         PO												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	2	1	3	3	2	1	3	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	1	3	3	2	1	3	2	3	2	2
CO4	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	2	1	3	2	2	2	2

Course Code & Title	18GEOP0316 GEOPHYSICS AND GEOCHEMISTRY								
Class	M.Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	3rd Semester						
Cognitive Level	K-1								
	К-2								
	K-3								
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>The Course aims</li> <li>To Know about the geophysical properties of earth</li> <li>To Learn about the magnetic methods of exploration</li> <li>To Describe about the Electric method of exploration, its interpretation and analysis techniques.</li> <li>To Gain knowledge about the seismic method of exploration</li> <li>To Illustrate about the principles of Exploration geochemistry</li> </ul>								

Unit	Content	No. of Hours				
	Properties of the Earth: Gravitational - Electrical - Magnetic - Thermal and					
	Chemical - Gravity Methods: Introduction - Gravitational field of the Earth -					
Ι	Densities of rocks and minerals - Instruments: Pendulum - Torsion Balance -					
1	Gravity meters. Field procedures - Reduction of gravity data: Latitude					
	correction - Free air correction - Bouguer correction - Terrain correction and					
	Tidal correction. Gravity anomaly maps and Interpretation of gravity data.					
	Radioactive Methods: Introduction - Radioactive decay - Radioactivity of rocks					
	and minerals - Instruments: Geiger- muller counters - Scintillation counters -					
	Gamma ray spectrometers. Field procedures - Interpretation of radiometric data -					
	Applications and Limitations.					
	Magnetic Methods: Introduction - Earth's Magnetism - Magnetism of rocks					
	and minerals: Induced and remnant magnetism. Instruments: Schmidt type					
Π	Magnetometers: Vertical force magnetometer - Horizontal force magnetometer					
	- Torsion magnetometer - Field procedures - Reduction of data: Temperature					
	correction - Correction for diurnal variations - Normal corrections - Preparation	9 Lectures				
	of magnetic anomaly maps and profiles - Interpretations - Applications and					
	limitations Electromagnetic Methods: General principles- Instruments-					
	Field procedures - Anomalies - Applications and limitations - Brief outline of					
	Telluric and Magneto Telluric Fields.					

	Electrical Methods: Introduction - Resistivity methods: Principles -
III	Instruments: D.C Potentiometer - Electric mill voltmeter. Electrode
	arrangements: Wenner arrangement - Schlumberger arrangement – Single Pole
	arrangement and Dipole system of electrode arrangement - Field procedures:
	Lateral exploration or profiling- Vertical Exploration or Depth sounding - 9 Lectures
	Interpretation - Application of resistivity methods. Self-Potential method:
	Principle - Instruments -: Non-polarizable electrodes - The potentiometer -
	Electric milli voltmeter. Field procedure - Interpretation - Applications.
	Induced Polarization Methods: Principle - Electrode polarization - Instruments
	Field procedures - Interpretation - Applications.
	Seismic Methods: Principle -Seismology and seismic prospecting - Elastic
	properties of rocks - Refraction and Reflection of seismic waves - Instruments:
	Geophones - Amplifiers and filters - Gain control systems - Time markings 9 Lectures
IV	Magnetic recorders - Operational methods: Fan shooting, Arc shooting and
	Profile shooting - Reduction of data - Interpretation - Applications and
	limitations - Ore Guides: Regional and local parameters for exploration -
	Regional and detailed exploration - Drilling methods - selection sites - angle and
	direction of bore holes - logging - bore hole deviation.
	Exploration Geochemistry: Outline and Classification of Elements -
V	Geochemical Anomaly and Province - Geochemical cycle - Primary and
	Secondary Dispersion of elements - Controls of dispersion - Mobility of 9 Lectures
	elements - Application of Utility of path finder elements and minerals.
	Geochemical Surveys: Definition – Types - Sampling Methodology –
	Application to mineral deposits - Outline of analytical methods used in
	Exploration Geochemistry - Short account on Geo-botanical prospecting.
	Text Books:
	1. Lowrie, W., Fundamentals of Geophysics. 2nd ed. Cambridge University Press, Nev
	Delhi, 2007.
	2. Ramachandra Rao, M.B., Outlines of Geophysical Prospecting. EBD, Dhanbad, 1993
	<ol> <li>Telford, W.M., Geldart, L.P.&amp; Sheriff, R.E., Applied Geophysics. 2nd ed. Cambridg University Press, New Delhi, 1990.</li> </ol>
	Reference Books:
	1. Arogyaswamy, R.N.P., Courses in Mining Geology. Oxford& IBH, New Delhi, 1980
References	2. Banerjee, P.K. & Ghosh, S., Elements of Prospecting for Non-Fuel Mineral Deposits
Kerer ences	Allied Publishers, Chennai, 1997.
	3. Dobrin, M.B. & Savit, C.H., Introduction to Geophysical Prospecting. 4th ed
	McGraw Hill. New Delhi, 1988.
	4. Hartman, H.L., SME Mining Engineering Handbook. SMME Inc. Colorado, 1992.
	5. Hawkes, H.E., Principles of Geochemical Prospecting. Bulletin 1000F. USGS, 1959.
	6. Kearey, P., Brooks, M & Hill.I., An Introduction to Geophysical Exploration, 3rd ed
	Blackwell Science, 2002.
	7. Moon, C.J., Whateley, M.K.G. & Evans, A.M., Introduction to Mineral Exploration
	Wiley Blackwell, New Delhi, 2006.
	8. Mussett, A.E. & Khan, M.A., Looking into the Earth: An introduction to Geologica
	Geophysics. Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 2000.
	9. Parasnis, D.S., Principles of Applied Geophysics. Chapman & Hall. New York, 1975.
	10. Sharma, P.V., Environmental and Engineering Geophysics. Cambridge University
	Press, New Delhi, 1997.
1	

	Web resources:
	1. <u>Underlined Titles are available in Swayam portal</u>
	2. https://www.school-for-champions.com/astronomy/earth.htm#.WxddcO6FO70
	3. https://geoinfo.nmt.edu/geoscience/projects/astronauts/gravity_method.html
	4. http://www.geol-amu.org/notes/b8-4-4.htm
	5. https://www.michigan.gov/documents/deq/GIMDL-USGSINF672R6_302983_7.pdf
	6. http://www.geol-amu.org/notes/b8-3-6.html
	7. https://csegrecorder.com/articles/view/magnetic-and-gravity-methods-in-mineral- exploration
	8. http://rallen.berkeley.edu/teaching/F04_GEO594_IntroAppGeophys/Lectures/L05.pdf
	9. http://crack.seismo.unr.edu/ftp/pub/louie/class/492/data/2011/gph492_all_files_2011/ AppliedGeophysics_Telf ord/AppliedGPH_MagneticMethods.pdf
	10. https://sites.ualberta.ca/~unsworth/UA-classes/223/notes223/223D1-2009.pdf
	11. http://www.engr.uconn.edu/~lanbo/G228378Lect0510EM1.pdf
	12. https://www.kau.edu.sa/Files/0003035/Subjects/EM(1).pdf
	13. http://shodhganga.inflibnet.ac.in/bitstream/10603/65005/8/08_chapter%201.pdf
	14. http://www.tomoquest.com/attachments/File/EEG_Electrical_Surveying_SP.pdf
	15. http://en.geophysik.at/index.php/methods/seismic-methods
	16. http://www.geosearches.com/seismic.php
	17. http://www.subsurfacesurveys.com/pdf/Methods.pdf
	18. http://www.mdru.ubc.ca/home/resources/seg/seg_talks/Ray_Lett_Notes.pdf
	19. http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?doi=10.1.1.489.6536&rep=rep1&type
	=pdf
	On completion of Course, the students should be able to
Course Outcomes	1. Explain the basic principles, Field procedure and application of Gravity methods and radioactive methods for Geological studies.
Outcomes	2. Analyze the basic principles, Field procedure and application of Magnetic methods
	and Electro Magnetic methods for Geological studies.
	3. Evaluate the basic principles, Field procedure and application of Electrical Methods
	and Radioactive methods for Geological studies.
	4. Assess the basic principles, Field procedure and application of Refraction methods
	and Reflection methods for Geological studies.
	5. Describe the basic principles of Exploration Geochemistry

18GEOP0316 GEOPHYSICS AND GEOCHEMISTRY												
CO/PO	РО							PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	2	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	2	2	1
CO2	3	2	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	2	2	1
CO3	3	2	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	2	2	1
CO4	3	2	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	2	2	1
CO5	3	2	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	2	2	1

Course Code & Title	18GEOP03E1 EXPERIMENTAL PETROLOGY (MAJOR ELECTIVE)							
Class	M.Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	3rd Semester					
Cognitive Level	K-1	i						
	K-2							
	K-3							
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>To Learn about t</li> <li>To Evaluate ther</li> <li>To Calibrate the thermodynamic a</li> </ul>	he process involve modynamic data u geothermometers	perimental petrology d in thermodynamics. sing Raoult's Law and Henny's law and Geobarometers from the experimental					

Unit	Content	No. of Hours				
I	<b>Experimental Petrology:</b> High Temperature – Pressure Techniques, Hydrothermal apparatus and Piston Cylinder, Experiments on Solid – Solid Dehydration and Decarbonation Reaction.	12 Lectures				
II	Thermodynamics: Gibb's Energy and equilibrium constant, mole fraction, activity coefficients. Regular and sub regular solutions. Standard states, fugacity and activity Raoult's Law, Henny's Law, Heat Capacity, Evaluation and tabulation of					
III	<b>Raoult's Law, Henny's Law</b> , Heat Capacity, Evaluation and tabulation of thermodynamic data. Isobaric thermal expansion and pressures.					
IV	<b>Calibrations of Geothermometers and geobarometers</b> from thermodynamic and experimental data. Reduced activity of water from dehydration reactions	12 Lectures				
V	Log O <sub>2</sub> from oxidation reactions.	13 Lectures				
References	<ul> <li>Text Books: <ol> <li>Chatterjee.N.D.(1991) Applied Mineralogical Thermodynamics. Springe.</li> <li>Koch, G.S and Link, R.F. (1970) Statistical Analysis of Geological Data.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Reference Books: <ol> <li>Powell, R. (1978) Equilibrium Thermodynamics in Petrology, an Introdu &amp; Row.</li> <li>Wood, B.J. and Frasser, D.G (1976) Elementary Thermodynamics for Geological Univ. Press.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	John Wiley. ction, Harper				

	On completion of Course, the students should be able to						
Course	• Explain about the principles of Experimental petrology						
Outcomes	• Describe about the concepts of thermodynamics						
	• Evaluate the Thermodynamic data using Raoult's Law and Henny's Law						
	Calibrate Geothermometers and Geobarometers						
	Elaborate Oxidation reaction						

CO/PO	mental Petrology (Major Elective) PO PO						PSO					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	2	1	1	3	1	1	3	2	2	2	1
CO2	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	3	2	2	2	1
CO3	3	2	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	2	2	1
CO4	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	3	1	1	2	1
CO5	3	1	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	1	2	1

Course Code & Title	18GEOP03E2 ADVANCED ORE PETROLOGY (MAJOR ELECTIVE)							
Class	M.Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	3rd Semester					
Cognitive Level	K-1							
	K-2							
	K-3							
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>The Course aims</li> <li>To Understand the modern concepts of ore genesis</li> <li>To Study in detail about the ore isotopes</li> <li>To Acquire knowledge about the ore deposits</li> <li>To Learn about the plate tectonic and the related ore genesis</li> </ul>							

Unit	Content	No. of Hours
	Modern Concepts of Ore Genesis: Detailed study of all principal ore mineral	
	groups - their textures and structures - Chemistry of ore minerals and host rocks	12 Lectures
I	- Paragenesis - paragenetic sequences and zoning in metallic ore deposits -	
	Methods in geothermometry - geobarometry in ore-geology.	
	Stable and Radiogenic Isotopes of Ores and the Host Rocks: Specialized	12 Lectures
	models of ore deposits related to mafic and intermediate to felsic intrusions -	
II	Vein-deposits and ore deposits related to sub areal and submarine volcanism	
	Detailed Study of Ore Deposits: Chemical precipitates - syngenetic clastic	12 Lectures
III	beds and by weathering - Significance of stratiform and strata - bound ore	
	deposits of sedimentary affiliation and those of metamorphic affiliation	
	Plate Tectonics and Ore Genesis: Ore deposits of oceanic crust - ocean floor	13 Lectures
	and those related to plate subduction - Geological modeling for mineral	
IV	exploration	
	Advance Study of Ore: Ore mineral textures and their application in	12 Lectures
V	paragenesis - Application of ore microscopy in mineral technology -	
	Geochemical modeling of ore deposits	
	Text Books:	
	1. Wolf, K.H., (1981) Hand Book of Strata bound and Stratiform Ore Depos	sits. Elsevier.
	Reference Books:	
	1. Klemm, D.D. and Schneider, H.J., (1977) Time- and Strata Bound Ore D	eposits.
	Springer Verlag.	
	2. Ramdohr, R, (1969) The Ore Minerals and Their Intergrowths. Pergamor	n Press.

References	3. Arogyaswamy, R. N. P., (1980) Courses in Mining Geology. Oxford & IBH, New
	Delhi.
	4. Bateman, A. (2013) Economic Mineral Deposits, John Wiley.
	On completion of Course, the students should be able to
Course	1. Explain the Modern Concepts of Ore Genesis
Outcomes	2. Discuss about Stable and Radiogenic Isotopes of Ores and the Host Rocks
	3. Identify the Ore Deposits
	4. Describe about the Plate Tectonics and Ore Genesis
	5. Explain the Advance Study of Ore

CO/PO	CED ORE PETROLOGY (MAJOR ELECTIVE) PO								PSO			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	1	1	1	2	1	2	3	1	1	2	1
CO2	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	3	2	2	2	1
CO3	3	2	1	1	3	2	1	3	1	3	2	1
CO4	3	1	1	2	1	1	1	3	1	3	2	1
CO5	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	3	1	2	2	1

Course Code & Title	18GEOP03E3 GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM & GEOCOMPUTING (MAJOR ELECTIVE)						
Class	M.Sc Geology and Geomatics	3rd Semester					
Cognitive Level	K-1						
	K-2 K-3						
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>The Course aims</li> <li>To Provide the basic principles of GIS</li> <li>To Learn about the different types of data</li> <li>To Know about the basic concepts of data</li> <li>To Analyze and interpret the data</li> </ul>						
	To Gain knowledg	e about the advan	ced processing techniques in GIS				

Unit	Content	No. of Hours
	GIS Overview: Introduction to GIS and GIS Infrastructure. GIS hardware	12 Lestures
Ι	components and GIS roles. <b>Geographic data and database</b> - Data and information definitions Geographic data: spatial data, types of GIS database and	12 Lectures
1	discrete and continuous data GIS data characteristics Spatial Data	
	Relationships, Proximity Relationships Time and GIS data.	
	Raster and vector data: Raster and Vector data and Models - Raster data:	
	Raster Coding, Resolution, Gridding and Linear features - Raster Precision and	
II	Accuracy - Vector Data. Raster and Vector Structures - Raster and Vector	13 Lectures
	Advantages and Disadvantages - Topology, Appling Topology - Topology	
	Tables - Multiple Connectivity - Topology and Relational Queries - Topology	
	contribution.	
	Data entry: Introduction - Data quality: Error, Accuracy, Precision -	
III	Generalization and derived data - Scale and Precision, scale differences, scale	12 Lestures
	incompatibility - Area and coverage, Incomplete Coverage, Smallest Scale Rule	12 Lectures
	- Data Problems, Continuous Data Interpretation, Complete and Consistent Data - Acquiring and Distribution of data: Data Accessibility, Data Cost,	
	Data - Acquiring and Distribution of data. Data Accessionity, Data Cost, Data Standards, Meta Data - Distributed GIS: Advantages and Disadvantages -	
	Online GIS - Open GIS.	
	<b>Inventory operations and basic Analyses</b> : Viewing GIS, Database reading -	
	Database Queries and Summaries - Relational Database Queries, Boolean	
IV	Queries and Graphical Selection Queries - Measurement and Types, Distance	12 Lectures
	applications, Reports - Theme Modification : Subsets and Tiles - Spatial	
	deletes, dissolve and merge - Recoding and reclassification - Basic Analyses:	

	Introduction - Overlay, Visual Overlay, Data Merging Overlay, Overlay							
	Principles - Intersect and union, - Overlay options, clip options - Mask and Replace - Database Merging and Applying Theme - Buffers and applications,							
	Spatial analyses - Statistical Reporting and Graphing.							
	Advanced analyses: Proximity analyses, Nearest features, Spider diagrams,							
V	Distance selection, Aggregation - Spatial operations: Centroids, Thiessen							
v	polygons - Tracking GIS - Terrain analyses: Elevation analyses, Terrain 12 Lectures							
	profiles - 3D views, Slope and Aspect, Shaded Relief views and View analyses							
	- Overlays and Additional features, Dropping, Perspective views and Z data							
	views - GIS output: types, Maps, Legends and Supporting elements - Future							
	GIS.							
	Text Books:							
	1. Burrough, P.A(1986) Principles of Geographical Information Systems for Land							
	Resources Assessment, Clarandone Press, Oxford.							
	<ol> <li>Tor Bernhardsen, (2007) Geographic Information System – An introduction", third</li> </ol>							
	edition,							
	3. Bruce E. Davis, (2001), GIS Visual Approach, Second Edition							
	Reference Books:							
	1. Kang - Tsung Chang, (2002) Introduction to Geographic Information System, MC							
References	Graw Hill, Boston.							
	2. Campbell, J, (1984) Introductory Cartography, Printers Hall Englewood Cliffs, N.J,							
	3. Dent B.D, (1985) Principles of Thematic Map Design, Addition - Wesley, Reading,							
	Mass.							
	4. Freeman, H and Pieroni, GG. (1980) Map Data Processing, Academic Press, New							
	York.							
	5. Gurugnanam, B., (2009) Geographic Information System, New India Publishing							
	Agency.							
	Web Resources:							
	1. https://www.saylor.org/site/textbooks/Essentials%20of%20Geographic%20Informati							
	on%20Systems.pdf 2. https://webapps.itc.utwente.nl/librarywww/papers_2009/general/PrinciplesGIS.pdf							
	<i>2. http://webapps.uc.uiwene.ni/librarywww/papers_2009/general/FrinciplesGis.paj</i> <i>3. http://www.geografie.webzdarma.cz/GIS-skriptum.pdf</i>							
	On completion of Course, the students should be able to							
Course	1. Discuss about the GIS Overview, Geographic data and database							
Outcomes	<ol> <li>Explain about the Raster and vector data, Topology</li> </ol>							
Succincy	3. Discuss about the Data entry, Data quality, Acquiring and Distribution of data							
	4. Analyze the Inventory operations and basic Analyses, Theme Modification, Basic							
	Analyses							
	5. Analyze the Advanced analyses, Terrain analyses, Future GIS							

18GEOP03E3         GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM & GEOCOMPUTING (MAJOR ELECTIVE)         CO/PO       PO       PSO												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	2	1	1	3	1	1	3	1	1	2	1
CO2	3	2	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	2	2	1
CO3	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	2	2	1
CO4	3	2	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	2	1	1
CO5	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	2	2	1

Course Code & Title	GEOI	18GGMPO317 PHYSICAL, GEOCHEMISTRY, HYDROGEOLOGY AND SEDIMENTOLOGY - PRACTICAL V							
Class		M. Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	3rd Semester					
Cognitive L	evel	K-1							
		K-2							
		K-3							
Course Objectives		schlumberger m • To Interpret the • To Process, anal • To Identify the N	ethod structures using Gra yze and interpret th Megascopic and mic	sistivity data using Wenner method and avity and seismic data be geochemical data croscopic properties of Sedimentary rocks					
		To Know about	the grain size analy	sis techniques.					

Unit	Contents
	1. Resistivity survey and the interpretation for lithology and water resources - Wenner method
	2. Resistivity survey and the interpretation for lithology and water resources - Schlumberger method
	3. Geological and structural interpretation using Gravity data
	4. Geological and structural interpretation using seismic data.
	5. Find out the half life period of the elements by using Radiometric data.
	6. Geochemical Sample preparation (A solution, B solution)
	7. Geochemical anomaly map preparation and interpretation
	8. Statistical analysis of geochemical data.
	9. Mean aerial depth of rainfall Assessment.
	10. Rainfall - Arithmetic mean method Assessment.
	11. Rainfall - Thiesson polygon method Assessment.
	12. Rainfall – Isohyetal method Assessment.
	13. Problems - Porosity Specific and Specific yield retention.
	14. Major elements Analysis for water.
	15. Graphical interpretation of water quality data.
	16. Water Quality - Irrigation use Assessment.
	17. Pumping test data interpretation.
	18. Isohyetal map generation through surfer software.
	SEDIMENTOLOGY
	1. Megascopic and microscopic and description of the sedimentary rocks

	<ol> <li>Microscopic examination of important sedimentary rocks Sieve Analysis/ Trask's method, Folk and Ward method</li> <li>Techniques and procedures used in the study of sediment and sedimentary rocks. Collection, Analysis and Interpretation of data on size, sorting, roundness and sphericity</li> </ol>
Course Outcomes	<ul> <li>On completion of Course, the students will be able to</li> <li>1. Predict the subsurface lithologies through electrical methods</li> <li>2. Use of Gravity and Seismic data for structural interpretation</li> <li>3. Analyze the half-life period of the Elements by using radiometric data</li> <li>4. Compile the Geochemical anomaly map.</li> <li>5. Interpret Water quality analysis</li> </ul>

GE	OPH	YSICAL	., GEOC	HEMIS	ΓRY, F				AND S	EDIME	NTOLO	GY -	
CO/PO				РО						PS	PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	
CO1	3	2	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	3	2	1	
CO2	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	3	2	1	
CO3	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	3	2	1	
CO4	3	3	1	2	2	1	1	3	2	3	2	1	
CO5	3	3	1	3	3	1	1	3	2	3	2	1	

Course Code & Title	18GGMPO318 GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM AND GPS- PRACTICAL VI						
Class	M. Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	3rd Semester				
Cognitive Level	K-1						
	K-2 K-3						
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>The Course aims</li> <li>To Learn to handle the fundamental tools of ArcGIS software</li> <li>To Gain a detailed knowledge in map registration, GDB creation and Digitization</li> <li>To Compute the various Conversion and overlay techniques</li> <li>To Do the Mosaicking, DEM generation, Classification processes</li> </ul>						

Unit	Contents
	1. Introduction to Arc GIS Features and Tools
	2. Map Registration
	a. Toposheet Registration b. Registration using GCP's c. Viewer to viewer Registration
	3. GDB Creation
	4. Feature Data Creation
	<ul><li>a. Point generation and Add field b. Line feature generation and Add field</li><li>c. Polygon feature generation and Add field</li></ul>
	5. Digitization and working with Advanced Editing tools
	a. Cut polygon b. Shape editing c. Edit vertices
	6. Geometric and field calculation
	7. CSV to feature generation
	8. Conversion Exercise
	a. Feature to line b. Feature to polygon c. kml to layer d. Layer to kml
	9. Overlay analysis
	a. Union b. Split c. Merge d. Join
	10. Theme Generation
	11. Topology analysis
	12. Map layout
	13. Map Generalization
	14. Importing Field Photo to ArcGIS
	15. Query Analysis
	16. LAS Dataset & LIDAR Dataset
	17. Road Network Analysis

	18. Subtitle - Group of features
	19. Spatial Join
	20. Mosaic
	21. Model Builder
	22. NDVI and NDWI in GIS
	23. DEM in GIS
	24. Image Classification
	25. Line of Site Analysis
	26. Pan Sharpening
	27. Watershed Generation from SRTM & Contour.
	28. Create Table and Input Data suitable to GIS theme such as Administrative Boundary,
	Road and Infrastructure Layers.
	29. Retrieve data from Table by Building Queries for Various Requirements.
	30. Location capturing Using GPS,
	31. Accuracy assessment in GPS
	On completion of Course, the students will be able to
Course	1. Able to handle ArcGIS tools
Outcomes	2. Compute process like Map registration, GDB creation, Digitization and overlay
	analysis
	3. Carry out Mosaicking, DEM generation, NDVI, NDWI
	4. Generate Contour maps and classified images through image classification
	5. Assess the location accuracy using GPS

		INFOR	MATIO		EM A	ND G	PS- PR	ACTIC	AL VI			
CO/PO			J	PO						PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	3	1	1	3	1	1	3	1	1	2	1
CO2	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	2	2	1
CO3	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	2	2	1
CO4	2	2	1	3	3	1	1	3	2	2	2	1
CO5	3	3	1	1	3	1	1	3	1	1	2	1

Course Code & Title	18GGMPO3M1 MEDICAL GEOLOGY (MODULAR COURSE)					
Class	M. Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	3rd Semester			
Cognitive Level	K-1					
	K-2					
	K-3					
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>The Course aims</li> <li>To Know about the basic principles of medical geology</li> <li>To Learn in detail about the Geological impacts of trace elements in nutrition</li> <li>To Gain knowledge about the medicinal value of various minerals by understanding the physical and chemical properties.</li> </ul>					

Unit	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	<b>Introduction to Medical Geology:</b> Medical Geology: Natural Distribution and Abundance of Elements, Functions of major and minor elements in human body, the functional value of Trace elements, Geological Impacts on Nutrition; Physical, chemical properties, Origin and Distribution, Uses and medicinal value of <b>Magnesite, Gypsum, Calcite, Fossiliferous Limestone, Red Ocher,</b> <b>Asbestos, Sulphur, Cinnabar</b>	13 Lectures
Ш	Physical, chemical properties, Origin and Distribution, Uses and medicinal value of <b>Orpiment</b> , <b>Realgar</b> , <b>Ferrogenous Shale</b> , <b>Chalcanthite</b> , <b>Rock Salt</b> , <b>Borex</b> , <b>Malachite and Azurite</b> , <b>Salt Petre and Mica</b> , <b>Hematite</b> , <b>Magnetite and Siderite</b>	13 Lectures
References	<ol> <li>Text Books:         <ol> <li>Park, K. (2013) Text book of Preventive and social medicine, M/s Banar publishers Jabalpur.2013.</li> <li>Park.K (2015) Essential of Community Health Nursing, Seventh Edition Banarsidas Bhanot Pyblishers.</li> <li>Sornamariammal (2016) Bogar Ezayiraththil Siddha Maruththuva Kanir Published by World Siddha Trust.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Reference Books:         <ol> <li>David Werner (1993) Where there is no doctor, Reprinted, Macmillan.</li> <li>Singh, R.Y. (2007) Geography of settlement, Reprinted, Rawat publicat:</li> <li>Purohit, N.J. (2014) Earth Science, Geology, Environmental and the Un Edition, Swastik Publications, New Delhi, India</li> <li>Skinner C.H and Berfer R.A. (2000) Geology and Health, Oxford Unive 5. Selninus, E. D. (2000) Essentials of Medical Geology, Elsevier.</li> </ol></li></ol>	n, M/S nangal. ions. iverse, 1st

	Web Resources:
	1. https://www.saylor.org/site/textbooks/Essentials%20of%20Geographic%20Informati on%20Systems.pdf
	2. https://webapps.itc.utwente.nl/librarywww/papers_2009/general/PrinciplesGIS.pdf
	3. http://www.geografie.webzdarma.cz/GIS-skriptum.pdf
	On completion of Course, the students should be able to
Course	1. Explain about the Importance of Geology in Medicine and the characteristics and
Outcomes	role of Magnesite, Gypsum, Calcite, Fossiliferous Limestone, Red Ocher, Asbestos,
	Sulphur, Cinnabar in Medicine.
	2. Use the knowledge of and its application of this material in Medical Science
	Orpiment, Realgar, Ferrogenous Shale, Chalcanthite, Rock Salt, Borex, Azurite,
	Salt Petre and Mica, Hematite, Magnetite and Siderite.

18GGMPO3M1 MEDICAL GEOLOGY (MODULAR COURSE)												
CO/PO	РО						PSO					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2
CO2	3	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2

Course Code & Title	18GGMPO3M2 Micropaleontology (Modular Course)					
Class	M. Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	3rd Semester			
Cognitive Level	K-1					
	K-2					
	K-3					
Course Objectives	• To Interpret and reb	<ul> <li>The Course aims</li> <li>To Learn the sampling methods as well as the processing techniques</li> <li>To Interpret and rebuild the paleo environments using microfossils</li> </ul>				

Unit	Content	No. of Hours			
I	<b>Surface and subsurface sampling method Processing of samples</b> - Morphology - classification - Evolution of foraminifera - Stratigraphy of foraminifera with special reference to India - Biometrics of larger Foraminifera - Paleo Environmental interpretation using microfossils - Ostracoda - Nanofossils- Radiolaria-Conodonts.	13 Lectures			
II	<b>Bryozoa - Role of micropaleontology in hydrocarbon exploration</b> - Deep sea records with reference to Indian Ocean - Stable isotopic study in foraminifera and interpretation of paleo temperature and paleo environment reconstruction.				
References	<ul> <li>Text Books: <ol> <li>Anantharaman, M.S. (2005) Paleontology: Evolution and Animal Distribution, 6th edition, Vishal Publishing Co, New Delhi.</li> <li>Bignot, G. (1985) Elements of Micropalaeontology. Graham and Trotman.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Reference Books: <ol> <li>Haq, B.V. and Boersma, A., (1998) Introduction to Marine Micropalaeontology. Elsevier.</li> <li>Haynes, J.R. (1981) Foraminifera. John Wiley.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>				
Course Outcomes	<ul> <li>On completion of Course, the students should be able to</li> <li>1. Describe the concept of Micropaleontology</li> <li>2. Categorize the various branches of Micropaleontology</li> <li>3. Identify the importance of Micropaleontology on environment.</li> <li>4. Analyze qualitative data systematically by selecting appropriate ecologica</li> <li>5. Analyze the environmental and ecological significance of foraminifera and</li> </ul>	•			

CO/PO			LOGY (N	PO			/		PSO			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	2	1	1	3	1	1	3	2	3	2	1
CO2	3	2	1	1	3	1	1	3	2	3	2	1
CO3	3	2	1	2	3	2	1	3	2	3	2	1
CO4	3	2	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	3	2	1
CO5	3	2	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	3	2	1

Course Code & Title	18GEOP419 PETROLEUM GEOLO RESOURCES (Major Elec	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	GEOLOGY AND GEOTHERMAL				
Class	M.Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	4th Semester				
Cognitive Level	K-1 K-2						
	K-2 K-3						
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>The Course aims</li> <li>To Describe the origin and mode of formation of hydrocarbon</li> <li>To Learn about the geological conditions favoring the formation of hydrocarbon</li> <li>To Know about the mode of occurrence of petroleum</li> <li>To Understand the origin, properties, classification, and distribution of coal</li> <li>To Gain knowledge on the various geothermal resources.</li> </ul>						

Unit	Content	No. of Hours
	Petroleum Geology: Properties of petroleum: Origin and Theories: Organic	
	and Inorganic Processes; Environment of Oil Formation: Sedimentary Basins -	9 Lectures
I	Continental and Offshore; Migration and Accumulation of Petroleum;	
	Geological Factors Controlling Hydrocarbon Migration: Forces Responsible for	
	Migration; Migration Routes and Barriers.	
	Mode of Occurrence of Petroleum: Surface and Subsurface Occurrence.	
	Characteristics and Types of Reservoir Rocks: Porosity, Permeability, and	
II	Reservoir Fluids; Petroleum Provinces; Global Distribution of Petroleum	9 Lectures
	Reserves- Petroliferous Basins of India. Well Logging, Mud logging method	
	and usage in oil companies. Wire line logs, different types of wireline logs	
	Identification of major minerals like oil and gas (Hydrocarbons), Coal.	
	Coal geology: Physical Properties, Chemical Composition; Classification of	
III	Coal: Rank and Grade; Origin of Coal. Lithologic characters of Coal: Bed	
	Structure, Coal Texture; Maceral Concept: Vitrain, Clarain, Durain and Fusain.	9 Lectures
	Coke, Coal for Liquefaction- Coal bed methane, origin and occurrence; Coal	
	Gasification- Beneficiation of Low-Grade Coal and Conservation.	
	Occurrence of Coal: Geological and Geographical Distribution of Coal in	
	India; Detailed study of important Coal Fields in India; Neyveli Lignite	
IV	Deposits; An Outline of Estimation of Coal Reserves. Identification of various	9 Lectures
	lithology. Drilling method. Coal and Environment.	
	Geothermal Resources - Geothermal Energy- Various Types, Availability,	9 Lectures
V	Size, Distribution-Recovery; Applications and Economics of Geothermal	

	The second						
	Energy. <b>Mineralogy of the Nuclear Metals</b> ; Distribution of U and Th in rocks;						
	Geochemical Guides- Radiometric Prospecting Methods and Assaying; Bore						
	Hole Logging, Field and Airborne Surveys						
	Text Books:						
	1. Levorsen A.I., (1985) Geology of Petroleum, CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi,						
	Second Edition,						
	2. Larry Thomas (2012), Coal geology, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.						
	3. Mary.H.Dickson (2003) Geothermal energy utilization and technology						
	Reference Books:						
	1. Alistarir R. Brown, (1986) Interpretation of Three-Dimensional Seismic Data,						
	American Association of Petroleum Geologists, USA.						
References	2. Aswathanarayana, U. (1985) Principles of Nuclear Geology. NBT. Delhi.						
	3. Gary L. Prost, (1997) Remote Sensing for Geologists - A Guide to Image						
	interpretation, Gordon and Breach Science Publishers, The Netherlands.						
	4. Paine, D.P., (1986) Aerial photography and image interpretation for resource						
	management, Wiley and Sons, New York.						
	5. Rao, D.P. (1999) Remote Sensing for Earth Resources, Second Edition, Association of						
	Exploration Geophysicist, Hyderabad.						
	Web Resources:						
	1. <u>Underlined Titles are available in Swayam portal</u>						
	2. <u>http://petroleum.nic.in/sites/default/files/basins_0.pdf</u>						
	3. <u>https://www.ndrdgh.gov.in/NDR/?page_id=603</u>						
	4. <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Petroleum</u>						
	5. <u>http://www.petroleum.co.uk/refining</u>						
	6. http://www.eolss.net/sample-chapters/c01/e6-15-08-03.pdf						
	7. https://gis.gov.in/cs/groups/public/documents/document/b3zp/mtyx/~edisp/dcport/gsig						
	ovi161863.pdf						
	8. https://www.pmfias.com/coal-in-india-gondwana-coal-tertiary						
	9. https://geology.com/rocks/coal.shtml						
	On completion of Course, the students should be able to						
Course	1. Explain the Formation, properties, Migration and accumulation of Petroleum.						
Outcomes	2. Identify the Occurrences of Petroleum.						
	3. Explain the Characteristics of Coal.						
	4. Identify the Occurrences of Coal.						
	5. Predict the Geothermal Resources and uses.						

Elective)	)											
CO/PO		РО								PS	0	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	3	1	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	2
CO2	3	3	1	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	1	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	2
CO4	3	3	1	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	2
CO5	3	2	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	3	2	1

Course Code & Title	18GEOP420 Dissertation		
Class	M.Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	4th Semester
Cognitive Level	K-1		
	K-2		
	K-3		
Course Objectives	The students are allowed to collect, process, analyze and		domains of geology and make them to bring out new results

Course Code & Title	18GGMPO4M1 GEOSTATISTICS (Modular Course)								
Class	M. Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	4th Semester						
Cognitive Level	K-1								
	K-2	K-2							
	K-3	K-3							
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>The Course aims</li> <li>To Introduce the advanced and applied aspects of Mathematical Geology.</li> <li>To Understand the Concepts of Geostatic and concepts of data distribution in space</li> <li>To Learn about the concepts of correlation, exploratory spatial data analysis and interpolation</li> </ul>								

Unit	Content	No. of Hours
	Geo statistics: Meaning, Definition, and History of Geostatistics, Spatial data-	
_	Definition and Characteristics Types: Point pattern, continuous surfaces, Area	
Ι	with counts and aggregate rates, Terms in Spatial Analysis - Definitions of i.	
	Spatial dependence, Stationary and Isotropy, Anisotropy, Region of stationary,	13 Lectures
	Spatial correlation, Auto correlation, Corelogram. <b>Exploratory spatial data</b>	
	<b>analysis:</b> ESDA/EDA - Meaning of Exploratory spatial data analysis (ESDA) and Exploratory data analysis (EDA). <b>Concepts of data distribution in space</b> -	
	Data – i. Sampling, ii. Heteroginity, iii. Dependency, Univariate description.	
	Frequency tables, Histogram, Cumulative frequency table, Normal probability	
	plots. Summary / Descriptive statistics, Bivariate description - Scatter plot,	
	correlation, covariance, correlation coefficient, linear regression.	
	Structural analysis: Meaning / definitions i. Spatial correlation, ii.	
	Autocorrelation, and iii. Spatial Autocorrelation, Spatial autocorrelation.	
Π	Concept and "Moran's I" statistic, Correlogram - a. Concept, b. types: Omni	12 Lectures
	directional and directional, Concepts of i. Autocovariance ii.	
	Semivariances. iii. Semi variogram iv. Variogram: a. Components- Nugget	
	variance, Sill, & Range. Variogram models. Making predictions: Global	
	interpolation - Local Interpolation – Practical Exposure on Exploratory	
	spatial data analysis: Bivariate description. Spatial interpolation	
	Text Books:	
	1. Sancheti. D. C. and Kapoor, V. K. (1992) Statistics Theory, Methods and	Application.
	Sultan Chand & Sons publishers P.5.1 to 5.47	
	<b>Reference Books:</b>	a statistics
	1. Isaaks, E. H. and Srivastava, R.M., (1989) An Introduction to Applied Ge	to statistics,

References	Oxford university Press,
	2. Davis, J. C., (2002) Statistics and data analysis in geology, third edition, John Wiley
	& Sons, Singapore.
	3. Using ArcGIS Geostatistical Analyst. (2001) GIS by ESRI.
	4. Kitanidis P.K., (1997) Introduction to Geo statistics, Applications in Hydrogeology,
	Cambridge University Press.
	5. Sharma, D. D, (2009), Geo statistics with applications in Earth sciences Jointly
	published with Capital Publishing Company.
	6. Simon W., (2000) Houlding Geo statistics: Modeling and Spatial Analysis, Springer:
	Har/CdrEdition (8 June 2000), CD-ROM: 161 pages, 2000.
	7. Cressie, N.A.C. (1993) Statistics for Spatial Data, New York: John Wiley & Sons,
	Inc.
	8. Duetsch, C.V. and Journel, A.G. (1992), GSLIB: Geostatistical Software Library and User's Guide, New York: Oxford University Press,
	9. Hohn, M.E. (1988) Geo statistics and Petroleum Geology, New York: Van Nostrand
	Reinhold,
	Web Resources:
	1. http://people.ku.edu/~gbohling/cpe940/Variograms.pdf
	2. http://maps.unomaha.edu/Peterson/gisII/ESRImanuals/Ch3_Principles.pdf
	3. http://geofaculty.uwyo.edu/yzhang/files/Geosta1.pdf
	On completion of Course, the students should be able to
Course	1. Describe the principles of Geo statics
Outcomes	2. Apply Geo statistics in geological data interpretation

18GGMPO4M1 GEOSTATISTICS (Modular Course)												
CO/PO	PO PSO											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	2	1	3	1	1	1	3	2	3	2	2
CO2	3	2	1	3	1	1	1	3	2	3	2	2

Course Code & Title	18GGMPO4M2 ADVANCED HYDROGEOLOGY (Modular Course)								
Class	M. Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	4th Semester						
Cognitive Level	K-1	K-1							
	K-2								
	K-3								
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>To Understand the control of groundwater</li> <li>To Describe the Characteristic of groundwater</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The Course aims</li> <li>To Introduce the advanced and applied aspects of hydrogeology.</li> <li>To Understand the concepts of hydrologic cycle</li> <li>To Interpret the role of geologic structures in identifying the potential zones</li> </ul>							

Unit	Content						
Ι	<i>Hydrologic cycle</i> . Hydrographic analyses, Water balance studies - Groundwater in hydrological cycle, Distribution of water in the Earth's crust - <b>Springs (including thermal):</b> origin and movement of water. Geologic structures favoring groundwater occurrence - Methods of identification of groundwater reservoir properties - Fluctuation of groundwater level	13 Lectures					
Π	Groundwater in arid and semi-arid, coastal and alluvial regions - Groundwater in hard rocks and limestone terrain with reference to Indian situation - Chemical characteristics of groundwater in relation to various uses- domestic, industrial and irrigation purposes - Water pollution and treatment. Environmental impact of groundwater extraction - Wells and their construction and design.						
References	<ol> <li>Text Books:         <ol> <li>David Keith Todd, Larry W. Mays, (2013) Groundwater Hydrology, w</li> <li>Gurugnanam B. Essentials of Hydrogeology, First Edition, Publish Kumaravel.</li> <li>Agarwal V.C., (2012) Groundwater Hydrology, Published by Asoke K Learning Private Limited,</li> <li>Fetter C.W., Applied Hydrogeology, Second Edition, published by S Jain and produced by V.K. Jain for CBS Publishers &amp; Distributer Pvt. 1</li> <li>Herman Bouwer, Groundwater Hydrology, 2014 Edition, Published</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	her: New Sri Ghosh, PHI Satish Kumar Ltd.,					

	Hill Education (India) Private Limited
	Web Resources:
	1. http://opac.vimaru.edu.vn/edata/EBookManual_of_applied_Field_Hydrogeology.p
	dfhttps://water.usgs.gov/ogw/pubs/TWRI3-B2/TWRI3-B2-with-links.pdf
	2. http://unesdoc.unesco.org/images/0013/001344/134432e.pdf
	3. http://www.basichydrogeology.com/HydrogeologyLectureNotes-v2.3-LR.pdf
Course	On completion of Course, the students should be able to
Outcomes	1. Describe about the Concepts of hydrogeology
	2. Elaborate the characteristics of Groundwater

18GGMPO4M2 ADVANCED HYDROGEOLOGY (Modular Course)												
CO/PO	РО							PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	2	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	3	2	1
CO2	3	2	1	2	3	1	1	3	2	3	2	1

## **Courses offered to other Departments**

Course Code & Title	18GEOP02N1 INTRODUCTION TO GEOSCIENCES									
Class	M.Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	For PG (3rd Semester)							
Cognitive Level	K-1	K-1								
	K-2	K-2								
	К-3									
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>To Know about the mineral groups</li> <li>To Learn about the past environmeter</li> <li>To Gain knowledge</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The Course aims</li> <li>To Understand the concept of geology, its scope and branches</li> <li>To Know about the various crystal forms and symmetry, properties of various mineral groups</li> <li>To Learn about the fossils, their morphology and their role in reconstructing the past environment as well as the major formations of India</li> <li>To Gain knowledge about the different types of rocks, mode of formation, and their petrographic properties</li> </ul>								

Unit	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	<b>General Geology and Structural Geology:</b> Definition, scope and branches of Geology. <b>Origin of solar system:</b> Nebular and Planetesimal hypotheses. Brief description of earth's interior and the determination of age. Outline of plate tectonics, earthquakes, volcanoes and tsunami. Definition of Structural Geology. <b>Concept of rock outcrop</b> - dip and strike of rock formations. Definition, parts and important types of a fold and fault. Brief outline of joints and unconformities.	12 Lectures
II	<ul> <li>Crystallography and Mineralogy: Definition of Crystallography and crystals.</li> <li>Morphological characters of crystals: faces – forms – edges. Symmetry elements of crystals. Miller's Indices. Brief account on crystal systems.</li> <li>Definition of mineralogy and mineral. Outline of physical <u>properties</u> of <u>minerals</u>. Brief description of the Quartz, Feldspar, Pyroxene, Amphibole, Mica group minerals. Description of the following minerals: Topaz- Olivine – Serpentine – Talc. Tourmaline – Beryl – Apatite – Corundum. Garnet – Diamond. Garnet – Beryl – Topaz – Apatite – Staurolite – Sillimanite – Epidote – Tourmaline - Corundum – Diamond.</li> </ul>	12 Lectures
III	Paleontology and Stratigraphy:Definition and importance of Paleontologyand fossils.Outlines of modes of preservation of fossils,Cephalopods,Brachiopods,Corals,Trilobites.Definition and scope of Stratigraphy.	

	Geological Time Scale. Brief account of the following geological formations	12 Lectures
	in India: Dharwar Group, Cuddapah Group, Vindhyan Group, Gondwana	12 Lectures
	Group, Cretaceous formations of Tiruchirapalli.	
	<b>Petrology and Economic Geology:</b> Definition of Petrology and rock types.	
	Important forms, structure and types of igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic	
IV	rocks. Brief description of the following igneous rocks: granite, syenite,	
1,	pegmatite, aplite, gabbro, dolerite, and basalt. Brief description of the following	
	sedimentary rocks: sandstone, shale, and limestone. Agents of metamorphism.	12 Lectures
	Brief description of the following metamorphic rocks: slate, phyllite, schist,	
	gneiss, marble, quartzite, granulite, charnockite. Definition of Economic	
	Geology. An outline of the processes of ore formation. Brief description of the	
	physical properties and Indian occurrences of the important ores, minerals rocks	
	used for various purposes. Coal Petroleum-composition, types and origin.	
	Occurrence coal and petroleum deposits in India.	
	Applied Geology: Introduction to geochemistry and geophysics. Principles of	
V	chemistry and physics applied to geology. Outline of geochemical and	
	geophysical methods used for exploring the earth. Brief introduction about	13 Lectures
	Nuclear Geology, Hydrogeology, Mining Geology, Engineering Geology and	
	Environmental geology. Introduction and application of remote sensing and	
	Geographic Information System.	
	Text Books:	O IZ
	1. Parbin Singh, B., (2005) A Textbook of Engineering and General Geolog	у 5. К.
	Kataria & Sons, Delhi.	
	<ol> <li>Mukherjee, P. K., (1984) A Textbook of Geology. World Press, Kolkata.</li> <li>Lowrie, W., Fundamentals of Geophysics. 2nd edition</li> </ol>	
	Reference Books:	
	1. Mahapatra, G. B. (2000) General Geology. CBS Publishers, Delhi.	
	2. Bangar, K.M., (2009) Principles of Engineering Geology, CBS Publisher	s. Delhi.
References	3. Jain P.C and Anatharaman M.S., (2010) Palaeontology, Vishal Publisher	
Course	On completion of Course, the students should be able to	
Outcomes	1. Describe about the Scope and importance of Geology	
	2. Explain about the characteristics of crystals symmetry and minerals	
	3. Discuss about the fossils	
	4. Categorize the rock types	
	5. Apply Geological knowledge in engineering aspects	
	et treft, etteropten montede mongmonth uspects	

18GEOP02N1       INTRODUCTION TO GEOSCIENCES       CO/PO     PO												
00/10	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	3	2	3	2	1
CO2	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	3	1	2	1	1
CO3	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	3	2	2	1	1
CO4	3	2	1	2	1	1	3	3	2	2	2	1
CO5	3	3	1	2	3	2	1	3	2	3	2	1

Course Code & Title	18GEOP02N2 MEDICAL GEOLOGY								
Class	M.Sc Geology and Geomatics	Semester	For PG (3rd Semester)						
Cognitive Level	K-1	K-1							
	K-2 K-3								
Course Objectives		bout the Geologic ge about the m	al impacts of trace elements in nutrition edicinal value of various minerals by						

Unit	Content	No. of Hours
	Introduction to Medical Geology: Medical Geology: Natural Distribution	
I	and Abundance of Elements, Functions of major and minor elements in human body, The functional value of Trace elements, Geological Impacts on Nutrition. <b>Magnesite</b> ; Physical, chemical properties of Magnesite. Origin and	12 Lectures
	Distribution of Magnesite in India. Uses of Magnesite. The role of Magnesite in Medical science.	
	Minerals Vs Medical science I: Gypsum; Physical, chemical properties of	
	Gypsum. Origin and Distribution of Gypsum in India. Uses of Gypsum. The	
II	role of Gypsum in Medical science. <b>Calcite</b> ; Physical, chemical properties of	
	Calcite. Origin and Distribution of Calcite in India. Uses of Calcite. The role of Calcite in Medical science. <b>Fossiliferous Limestone;</b> Physical, chemical	12 Lectures
	properties of Fossiliferous Limestone. Origin and Distribution of Fossiliferous	
	Limestone in India. Uses of Fossiliferous Limestone. The role of Fossiliferous	
	Limestone in Medical science. Red Ocher; Physical, chemical properties of	
	Red Ocher. Origin and Distribution of Red Ocher in India. Uses of Red Ocher.	
	The role of Red Ocher in Medical science.	
	Minerals Vs Medical science II: Asbestos; Physical, chemical properties of	
III	Asbestos. Origin and Distribution of Asbestos in India. Uses of Asbestos. The	
	role of Asbestos in Medical science. <b>Sulphur</b> ; Physical, chemical properties of	
	Sulphur. Origin and Distribution of Sulphur in India. Uses of Sulphur. The role of Sulphur in Medical science. <b>Cinnabar</b> ; Physical, chemical properties	13 Lectures
	of Cinnabar. Origin and Distribution of Cinnabar in India. Uses of Cinnabar.	
	The role of Cinnabar in Medical science. <b>Orpiment;</b> Physical, chemical	
	properties of Orpiment. Origin and Distribution of Orpiment in India. Uses of	

	Orpiment. The role of Orpiment in Medical science.	
	Minerals Vs Medical science III: Realgar; Physical, chemical properties of	
	Realgar. Origin and Distribution of Realgar in India. Uses of Realgar. The role	
IV	of Realgar in Medical science. Ferrogenous Shale; Physical, chemical	
	properties of Ferrogenous Shale. Origin and Distribution of Ferrogenous Shale	
	in India. Uses of Ferrogenous Shale. The role of Ferrogenous Shale in Medical	12 Lectures
	science. Chalcanthite; Physical, chemical properties of Chalcanthite. Origin	
	and Distribution of Chalcanthite in India. Uses of Chalcanthite. The role of	
	Chalcanthite in Medical science. Rock Salt; Physical, chemical properties of	
	Rock Salt. Origin and Distribution of Rock Salt in India. Uses of Rock Salt.	
	The role of Rock Salt in Medical science.	
	Minerals Vs Medical science IV: Borex; Physical, chemical properties of	
V	Borex. Origin and Distribution of Borex in India. Uses of Borex. The role of	
	Borex in Medical science. Malachite and Azurite; Physical, chemical	
	properties of Malachite and Azurite. Origin and Distribution of Malachite and	
	Azurite in India. Uses of Malachite and Azurite. The role of Malachite and	13 Lectures
	Azurite in Medical science. Salt Petre and Mica; Physical, chemical	
	properties of Salt Petre and Mica. Origin and Distribution of Salt Petre and	
	Mica in India. Uses of Salt Petre and Mica. The role of Salt Petre and Mica in	
	Medical science. Hematite, Magnetite and Siderite; Physical, chemical	
	properties of Hematite, Magnetite and Siderite. Origin and Distribution of	
	Hematite, Magnetite and Siderite in India. Uses of Hematite, Magnetite and	
	Siderite. The role of Hematite, Magnetite and Siderite in Medical science.	
	Text Books:	1
	1. Sornamariammal (2016) Bogar Ezayiraththil Siddha Maruththuva	Kanimangal.
	Published by World Siddha Trust.	U
	2. Skinner C. H., and Berfer R. A., Geology and Health, 2000, Oxfor	d University
	Press.	•
	Reference Books:	
	1. David Werner (1993) "Where there is no doctor", Reprinted, Macmillan	l <b>.</b>
	2. Singh, R.Y., (2007) Geography of settlement, Reprinted, Rawat publication	tions.
References	3. Purohit, N.J., (2014) Earth Science, Geology (Environmental and the U	Jniverse), 1st
	Edition, Swastik Publications, New Delhi, India	
	4. Gurugnanam, B., (2009) Essential of Hydrology, New India Publish	ning Agency,
	New Delhi, India.	
	5. Anji Reddy, (2010) Textbook of Remote Sensing and Geographical	Information
	System, 3rd ed., BS publication.	
	On completion of Course, the students should be able to	
Course	1. Explain about the Importance of Geology in Medicine and the chara	cteristics and
Outcomes	role of Magnesite in Medicine.	
	2. Use the knowledge of Gypsum, Calcite, Fossiliferous Limestone, Red	Ocher and its
	application of this material in Medical Science.	
	3. Discuss the application of Asbestos, Sulphur, Cinnabar and Orpimer	nt in medical
	science.	
	4. Outline the application of Realgar, Ferrogenous Shale, Chalcanthite,	Rock Salt in
	medical science	
	5. Explain about the application of Borex, Azurite, Salt Petre and Mic	ca, Hematite,
	Magnetite and Siderite in Medical Science.	

18GGMPO3M1       MEDICAL GEOLOGY (Modular Course)       CO/PO     PO       PSO												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2
CO2	3	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2
CO4	3	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2
CO5	3	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2

18GEOP02N3 ENVIRONMENTAL GEOSCIENCES							
I.Sc Geology and eomatics	Semester	For PG (3rd Semester)					
K-1							
K-2							
K-3							
<ul> <li>The Course aims</li> <li>To Understand the importance of environmental geology</li> <li>To Acquire knowledge about the concepts of ecosystem and resources</li> <li>To Learn about the disaster their classification, cause and impacts</li> <li>To Have a basic idea on various natural disasters</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>NVIRONMENTAL GEO</li> <li>Sc Geology and comatics</li> <li>-1</li> <li>-2</li> <li>-3</li> <li>ne Course aims <ul> <li>To Understand the in</li> <li>To Acquire knowled;</li> <li>To Learn about the d</li> <li>To Have a basic idea</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	NVIRONMENTAL GEOSCIENCES         .Sc Geology and comatics         .Sc Geology and comatics         .1         .2         .3         ne Course aims         • To Understand the importance of envir         • To Acquire knowledge about the concord         • To Learn about the disaster their classi					

Unit	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	<ul> <li>Environmental Geology: Planet Earth, environment and its types, scope and importance of Environmental Geology, public awareness, Natural Resources; types of resources (based on origin, based on continual utility). Natural Resources and Associated Problems: Forest resources, Water resources, Flood, Drought, Mineral resources</li> </ul>	9 Lectures
II	<b>Energy Resources, Land resources, Ecosystem:</b> concept of an ecosystem, structure and function of an ecosystem, producers, consumers and decomposers, energy flow in the ecosystem, Ecological succession, food chains, food webs and Ecological pyramids. <b>Causes, Effects and Control Measures of:</b> Air Pollution, Soil Pollution, Marine Pollution, Noise Pollution, Thermal Pollution, Nuclear Hazards.	9 Lectures
ш	Introduction to Disaster:       Concepts and Definitions. Disaster, Hazard, Risk,         Vulnerability, Resilience.       Disaster: Classification, Causes and Impacts:         Natural Disaster:       Beneath the Earth Surface:         Eruptions.       Event	9 Lectures
IV	Natural Disaster:On the Surface: Landslides, Avalanche. Meteorological /Hydrological Disasters;Flood, Droughts, Windstorms, Hailstorms, Tornadoes,Health;Epidemics.	9 Lectures
V	Approaches to Disaster Risk Reduction: Disaster Management Cycle, Phases of Disaster Cycle. Culture of Safety, prevention, mitigation and Preparedness. Structural measures, Components of Disaster Relief. Four phases of Disaster Management	9 Lectures

	Text B	Books:
		Arul.P, (2011) Text Book of Environmental Studies, Selvi publications, Thanjavur.
		Bangar, K.M(2010) Principles of Engineering Geology, Nem Chand Jain Publishers.
	3.	Savindra Singh., (2012) Environmental Geography, Prayag PustakBhawan.
	Refere	ence Books:
	1.	Grija Bhushan Mahapatra, (1987) A Text Book of Geology, CBS Publishers and
		Distributors, New Delhi.
	2.	Jonathan Turk and Graham R. (2000) Thompson, Environmental Geoscience,
References		Saunders college division.
	3.	Parbin Singh, (2009) A text book of Engineering and general Geology, publishers of
		engineering and computer books.
	4.	Pradyumna, P. Karan, Shanmugam, P. Subbiah (2012): The Indian Ocean tsunami,
		Cambridge University press India Pvt. Ltd.
		Santra S.C, (2004) Environmental Science, New central book agency.
	6.	Thomas D. Schneid, (2001) Disaster Management and Preparedness" Tata McGraw
		Hill, New Delhi.
	7.	Vinod K. Jain, (2005) Earth Science, CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.
	On cor	npletion of Course, the students should be able to
Course	1.	Describe about the importance of Environmental Geology
Outcomes	2.	Discuss about the resources and Ecosystem
	3.	Elaborate the concepts of Disaster
	4.	Explain about the Natural Disaster
	5.	Summarize the approaches to disaster risk management

18GEOP02N3         ENVIRONMENTAL GEOSCIENCES         CO/PO       PO         PSO												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	1	1	1	2	1	2	3	3	3	2	2
CO2	3	1	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	3	2	2	1	1	3	1	2	2	2
CO4	3	2	3	2	2	1	1	3	1	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	3	2	2	1	1	3	1	2	2	2

Course Code & Title	18GEOP02N4 DISASTER MANAGEMENT								
Class	M.Sc Geology and Geomatics Seme	ster	For PG (3rd Semester)						
Cognitive Level	K-1	K-1							
	K-2	K-2							
	K-3	K-3							
Course Objectives	<ul><li>storm surges</li><li>To Describe about the cause</li></ul>	saster and impacts a and impa	its characteristics and preventive measures for cyclones and						

Unit	Content	No. of Hours
I	<ul> <li>Geosciences and Natural Disasters: Origin of the Earth, Interior of the Earth.</li> <li>Endogenic processes and exogenic processes of the Earth. Disaster; Disaster and its relation with Nature and Socio-Economic Factors. <u>Types of Disasters</u>,</li> <li>Disaster Management; An Introduction, Disaster Management Cycle.</li> <li>Hazard Vulnerability Terminology</li> </ul>	13 Lectures
Ш	<ul> <li>Disaster and Geology; Category Vise Disaster in India, Disaster and Geography; Disaster from Anthropocentric viewpoint, Natural system, Earth as a Dynamic system. Mass Extinction History. Atmosphere and its Layers: Weather and Atmosphere, Schematic of Climate system. Differential heating of earth and the season. Monsoons – Source of life and Disaster in India. Monsoons and Rainfall in India. El Nino and La Nina and Extreme weather: Impact of this in India</li> </ul>	13 Lectures
ш	Natural Disaster I: Cyclones; Definition and the Mechanics of cyclone. Birth of Cyclone, Tropical Cyclone Hazard Map, Cyclone Date goryes, Cyclone Disaster Impacts. Strong Winds, Torrential Rains, Strom Surges; Impact of Strom surges in India. Disaster Management During Cyclone. Indian 	13 Lectures
IV	IV Natural Disaster II; Floods; Occurrence of Flood in India, PeninsularRivers, Flood Hazard Zones, Causative Factors for Flooding, Managing Floods;Before Floods and During Floods. Drought as Disaster in India; Types of	13 Lectures

	Droughts, Rainfall Deficit Map. Impact of this on GDP.									
	Natural Disaster III: Earthquakes: Basic Tectonics and Earth Quakes,									
V	Tectonic Plates, Earthquakes and Tectonic Plates, Earthquakes in India, Earthquake Magnitude (Richter) and Effects, Richter and Mercalli Scales.									
	Earthquake Disaster Management in India. Possible Safety measures in an									
	Earthquake Landslides; Landslide Hazard in India, Landslides Disaster 13 Lectures									
	Management and Worst Landslides in India, Landslide Warning Signs, what to									
	do in Landslides. Volcanoes, Tsunami Disaster, Cyclone Disaster. Drought									
	Disaster and its management, and climate change and its management. Other									
	disasters and their management. Flood Hazard. Occurrence of Floods in India.									
	Biological Disasters.									
	Text Books:									
	1. Bangar, K.M Principles of Engineering Geology, Nem Chand Jain Publishers, 2010.									
	2. Parbin Singh, (2009) A text book of Engineering and general Geology, publishers									
	of engineering and computer books,									
	3. Mukerjee.P.K (1997) A textbook of Geology, Thirteenth Edition. The world press									
	pvt. Ltd									
	<b>Reference Books:</b>									
References	<ol> <li>Mahapatra, G. B., (1987) A Text Book of Geology, CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi,</li> </ol>									
	<ol> <li>Jonathan Turk and Graham R. Thompson, (2000) Environmental Geosciences. Saunders college division.</li> </ol>									
	3. Pradeep Sahni, Madhavimalalgoda and Ariyabandu, "Disaster risk reduction in									
	south Asia". PHI									
	4. Pradyumna, P. Karan, Shanmugam, P. Subbiah., 2012 The Indian Ocean tsunami									
	Cambridge University press India Pvt. Ltd.									
	5. Santra S.C, (2004) Environmental Science, New central book agency.									
	6. Thomas D. Schneid, (2001) Disaster Management and Preparedness" Tata									
	McGraw Hill, New Delhi.									
	7. Vinod K. Jain, Earth Science, (2005) CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.									
	8. Janet Edwards and Martin Gustafs son (2007) Handbook for Vulnerability									
	Mapping. Serdish Rescue Services Agency. On completion of Course, the students should be able to									
Course	1. Explain Geosciences and the importance of Disaster									
Outcomes	<ol> <li>Describe about the disaster distribution in India, Atmosphere and monsoon vs disaster.</li> </ol>									
C accomes	3. Have deeper knowledge on Cyclones and Strom, Floods and Drought, Earthquake.									
	Volcanoes and Landslides									

CO/PO	EK ML	ANAGE	EMENT	РО	PSO							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	1	1	1	2	1	2	3	3	3	2	2
CO2	3	1	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	3	2	2	1	1	3	1	2	2	2
CO4	3	2	3	2	2	1	1	3	1	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	3	2	2	1	1	3	1	2	2	2